THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.} ATLANTA, GEORGIA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1872. {VOLUME IV---NUMBER 92

Evening Edition.

Price Five Cents

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JAMES M. SMITH,

OF MUSCOGEE.

[ELECTION OCTOBER 3]

FOR CONGRESS:

LUTHER J. GLENN,

OF FULTON COUNTY.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

Fulton Democratic Ticket.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

CLARK HOWELL,
W. L. CALHOUN,
R. F. HOGE.

[ELECTION OCTOBER 3]

FOR ORDINARY:

DANIEL PITTMAN.

FOR SHERIFF:

A. M. PERKERSON.

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT:

W. R. VENABLE.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:

C. M. PAYNE.

FOR TAX RECEIVER:

A. G. GRIER.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR:

S. R. HOYLE.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:

B. F. WALKER.

FOR CORONER:

WILLIAM KILE.

[ELECTION JANUARY 1]

MONDAY, AFTERNOON SEPT. 30.

☞ See Interesting Reading on Fourth Page

City and Suburban.

Cotton steady and unchanged to-day at 16 cents.

TEMPLETON'S TROUPE.—A notice of the performance of Templeton's Opera Troupe at DeGive's on Saturday night was crowded out yesterday morning.

The house was a good one. The Troupe is one of the most entertaining ones we have ever had here. It furnishes just that melange of sprightly and meritorious entertainment that is calculated to please an audience. We are glad to see that Templeton is drawing good houses. He deserves it. He is an indefatigable and enterprising public caterer.

Matilda Heron's Marital Dilemma

The Judge of the Probate Court in San Francisco has rendered a decision in the matter of Matilda Heron's application for allowance of $300 per month from the estate of the late H. H. Byrne. He reviews all of the petitioner's marital relations, complicated as they are, and makes learned argument in the case. The Judge decides against the application for alimony, but that the petitioner's right to a share of the estate is not effected as the lawful wife of Mr. Byrne. This is the way the Judge sums up the legal and moral aspects of the case:

Although the applicant may not have been subject to criticism from a social stand-point, that is, she may have been sincere in believing herself not the wife of Byrne, yet if the marriage with Byrne was undissolved in law, it existed, and her relations with Stoepel were not inconsistent. It was not her belief that could make her free to marry Stoepel; it could only be the actual dissolution of her former marriage. If she was free to marry Stoepel, she certainly was not the wife of Byrne. The applicant was doubtless pained at the death of Byrne, as were his many friends, but was she thereby deprived of any support or protection which she had heretofore enjoyed? I think not. It may be borne in mind that I am not in any manner considering the right of the applicant to share in the estate of Byrne upon final distribution. That point will rest upon an entirely different foundation from the one now in hand.

DENIAL OF THE PETITION.

It may seem strange that one who may be entitled upon final distribution to share in the estate as a wife, should not be entitled to family allowance as such. I have only to say that courts do not make the law or the facts. It is their business merely to construe law as they find it to be, and apply to it the facts as made by the parties. If I could find the law to be that the applicant was entitled to allowance, I should cheerfully consider her application; but being of the opinion that the law is against her in the matter, I must decline to order the commission asked for by the executor, and must dismiss the petition.

W. H. MYRICK,
Probate Judge.

HOUSTON COUNTY.

Colonel Glenn Makes a Good Speech.

PERRY, GA., September 27th, 1872.

Editors Constitution: Our candidate for Congress in this district, Colonel L. J. Glenn, made a rousing speech here to-day to a large crowd of whites and negroes. At the conclusion of his address, General Warren told the people some wholesome truths which we think ought to produce a good result. Colonel Glenn is doing good service in this part of the district, and we hope to see him triumphantly elected.

The Radical ticket for the Legislature in Houston is thought to be a meaner one, and is nobody more depravity than our delegation in the last General Assembly, which was headed by Joel R. Griffin.

LIMESTONE.

HOUSTON COUNTY NO. 2.

PERRY, GA., September 28, 1872.

Editors Constitution: Yesterday, Colonel Luther J. Glenn made us a visit and a speech. He came among us a stranger to almost every man in the community, but before he left we felt convinced that we had for a standard-bearer in the Fifth District a man truly worthy of Congressional honors. A large crowd, white and black, was in attendance; the speech was clear, forcible and convincing and had a splendid effect on the audience. We have a large negro population, but you may rest assured that Houston is going to try and excel herself this time.

General Eli Warren, of this county, was called on and made a few remarks on local politics. The General is an "old Roman;" he is not afraid to tell the truth and to tell it plainly. Two or three Rads that were present writhed under his withering denunciation. He skinned them, and then rubbed in salt. We are thoroughly aroused, and will try to do better than we did at the last election.

LEON.

Georgia News.

The "Spotted Horse," Dr. Blount, aspires to the Senate. John E. Smith, in Harris county, had two mules and a hog killed by lightning. Judge J. S. Allums, of Cassetta, Chattahoochee county, is dead. The Muscogee Radicals have received a large sum of money to buy votes and pay negro's poll tax.—*Columbus Sun.*

Colonel Thomas Y. Reed, is dead.

The Rome Courier says men professing to be Democrats, who took part in the nominations, are secretly running for the legislature against the nominees.

The Democratic mass meeting in Americus was a success. A fine band discoursed music. An immense crowd attended. Colonel Hardeman, Colonel Hawkins, N. A. Smith, Esq., C. B. Hudson, of Schley, and Wm. Styles spoke.

One of the interesting features of the meeting of the Greeley and Brown Club, on Wednesday night, was the enrollment of the names of the colored members. Almost every colored voter of any prominence in the place, presented his name to be enrolled under the banner of Greeley and Brown. We are willing to bet that Sumter, in proportion to her population, can show more good clever, industrious colored citizens, at work with the Democracy, than any other county in the cotton belt.—*Americus Republican.*

In the large air-tight ice box, which was being placed in a corner of McConnell's new restaurant, at the corner of Drayton and Bay Lane, a man got locked up and nearly lost his life from suffocation. He was a carpenter, working by himself, fixing the door to the box, and was inside. The door fastens with a spring latch from the outside, and was carelessly pulled to by him, when he found himself a prisoner in a capacious but air-tight box, whose walls were double, with six inches of saw-dust rammed in between. With utter darkness about him, and a confined and limited quantity of air, and with the avenue of sound connecting with the outer world entirely obstructed, the man was in a truly horrible situation. His thumping and screaming at last attracted the attention of some parties who happened to go into the room, but the sounds were so indistinct, dull and deadened as not to give them their direction. In looking to find whence they proceeded, a gentleman happened to open the door of the ice box, when the man was discovered trembling with fright and exhaustion, down on his knees, with his mouth at a little hole, through which he was endeavoring to draw the veritable breath of life. Five minutes more in the awful position would have sealed his fate.—*Savannah Republican.*

Mr. James Smith, of Burke, is dead.

Burke county has 814 white and 2,087 black polls—white increase 42; black 325. Colored increase over 1870, 1,200.

Mrs. Mark Anthony, of Stewart county, is dead.

Mrs. Reese, sister of G. B. Lamar, died in Americus.

The people are beginning to wake up to the importance of paying their poll tax, and the Court House yesterday was the scene of life and activity. Whites and negroes thronged around the Tax Collector's desk, and several hundred polls were paid it. The Radicals have deposited the amount of five hundred dollars for the payment of such polls as they are sure of controlling, and there is nothing for the bought-up negroes to do but go up and be registered. In this way they are enabled to dispose of the matter rapidly.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

Cotton is opening very fast and our farmers are now busy gathering in the fleecy staple. Within a month it will all be open. The crop will be a short one owing to the August drought.—*Carroll Times.*

Mrs. Emily A. Reeves, of Griffin, dead.

The Bainbridge Democrat has this notice of Brimberry, the Radical candidate for the Senate in that district: "Until quite recently he has been an ultra Democrat, and above the remotest suspicion. It was he who furnished the guns to kill the negroes in the Camilla massacre several years ago, remarking as he handed them out: 'Kill the last d—n black son of a b—h of them.' Brimberry is also an enthusiast on the theory that a negro has no soul, but is simply an intelligent beast.

On Saturday last Senator Norwood delivered an address to a large and enthusiastic meeting of Democrats and Liberals, at Brunswick, and held them spell bound for more than two hours by his eloquence. The Appeal says: "The address was an able, eloquent, masterly, and exhaustative effort, and was received with enthusiastic demonstrations of approval. Upon the conclusion of the address it was unanimously resolved to tender the thanks of the audience to Senator Norwood for his able and eloquent address, and that he be requested to write it out for publication. The orator then ably and eloquently advocated the claims of Horace Greeley—always honest, ever the friend of humanity, pledged to an honest and constitutional administration, and the man who, in all the excitement, amid the wild and raging tempest of passion, engendered by the assassination of President Lincoln, wrote that immortal editorial advocating magnanimity in triumph.

Correspondence--Personal.

ATLANTA, GA., September 30th, 1872.

Editors Constitution: Please publish the enclosed correspondence. I ask it as an act of justice to a gallant, distinguished soldier, whose services in his country entitle him to respect, and who has recently been placed in a fasle position before the public.

Very respectfully, etc.,

T. W. HOOPER.

AMERICUS, GA., September 14, 1872.

Col. T. W. Hooper:

DEAR SIR:—Your favor of the 10th inst., I find among my mail on my return from Webster Court. You say "The original of the enclosed copy note was handed me a short time ago by General G. T. Anderson. Presuming he intended I should use it in the way best calculated to benefit him, I send a copy to you, without comment or suggestion. I adopt this course from a conviction that your well-known generosity and magnanimity will prompt you to do whatever may be just and proper in the premises."

The copy letter of General Johnston is as follows:

"*Gen. G. T. Anderson:*

DEAR SIR:—I have your favor of the 13th, referring to a "difficulty" between Lt. Bell and yourself in 1857. Being a member of the military party to which Lt. Bell and yourself belonged, I knew the circumstances, which in my opinion, justified you in declining Lt. Bell's challenge, as he had no claim upon you of the kind.. So I thought it would have been a folly on your part to accept the challenge.

[Signed.] Yours truly,

J. E. JOHNSTON."

In reply, I would say that I am glad that the letter of General Johnston relieves General Anderson from any imputation of dishonorable conduct in the affair to which it refers. Very respectfully, etc.,

C. T. GOODE.

UNWRITTEN HISTORY.

Grant Borrows $40, Wins Over $240 from Rufe Ingalls, and then Forgets to Return the $40—Maj. Owen's Luck.

During the summer of 1863, Major John Owen of the Bitter Root Valley, Montana Territory, then a part of Oregon, visited Fort Vancouver, on the Columbia river. There he met Col. Bonneville, Col. Morris, Capt. U. S. Grant, now President of the United States, Capt. Rufus Ingalls, then Post Quartermaster, and now Assistant Quartermaster-General of the United States Army, and other officers of the Fourth Infantry. The Major, with that suavity of manner and genial temperament which makes him one of the most companionable of men, was, in a very short time after his arrival, on intimately familiar terms with the officers of the fort. In the persons of Capts. Grant and Ingalls, and one or two others, the Major found kindred spirits.

A few evenings after his arrival at the fort, a poker game, or "examining papers," as Ingalls called it, was made up. It consisted of Col Morris, G. W. Rankin, now Colonel in the United States Army, at one time commander of Fort Ellis, Montana Territory, Capt. U. S. Grant, Capt. Rufus Ingalls and Major Owen. The game opened with some pretty heavy bets, and usual bad luck to some of the parties; Capts. Grant and Ingalls being the first of the party that were reduced, in mining phase, to bed rock. It was Col. Morris's deal, and Capt. Ingalls, with that desparation that characterizes poker players who have a run of bad luck, in the absence of chips (which were represented by $20 gold pieces) took from his finger a valuable ring and anted it as a blind. Major Owen sat upon Ingall's left, and passed, not having a hand that would enable him to see the blind. Capt. Grant, who occupied a seat next to the Major, picked up his hand and discovered a pair, and with a smile that was childlike and bland, said that he would see the blind.

Ingalls to Grant: Make me see the tangible evidence.

Grant to Ingalls: What is the value of the ring?

Ingalls: Twenty dollars.

Grant had no chips, but he did have a good pair. He shoved his hand over to Major Owen. The Major looked at it; there was a pair, sure enough—and a good at that. The Major had chips, but Captain Grant had none. In this emergency the Major's kindly and generous disposition asserted itself, for he played poker not for gain but for the amusement it afforded him. He did not want to see the game stop. He had plenty of chips. He felt that

He that hath plenty of chips
And giveth his neighbor none.
Shall have none of my chips
When his chips are gone.

He said to Captain Grant: "You have no chips; here are two twenty dollar gold pieces, take them and see the blind."

The Captain took them and called the blind. Captain Ingalls borrowed from his neighbor and made the blind good. The cards were dealt. Captain Grant two cards, holding up an outsider to nigger with in case it came to a show down. Ingalls took three cards, drawing down to his hand like a bold and sagacious player. It was Captain Grant's first bet; having failed to strengthen his hand in the draw, he played them all the same by shooting off his jaw for $250. Captain Ingalls eyed him closely; he had not helped his hand in the draw; he believed, however, that he had the top hand. There was something in Captain Grant's manner that convinced Ingalls that Grant was bluffing. So following his "pre" with a firm grip upon his pair, he called Captain Grant's bet of $250, at the risk of breaking his jaw. The hands were laid upon the table. Captain Ingalls had a pair of queens with a king, and Capt. Grant had a pair of queens with an ace. Grant exhibited generalship in holding up an ace to nigger. It had won the pot, and given him a lien upon Ingalls' jaw for $250.

Now there is nothing very remarkable about this, after all. Many very excellent men play poker, and when they are out of chips they borrow from their neighbor, and when they can't borrow chips, they shoot off their jaws for even larger sums than $250. and if they win they return the chips borrowed, or give an extension of jaw bone, if they loose; but in this instance Capt. Grant forgot to return the $40 borrowed from Maj. Owen, and what is equally as remarkable, he has forgotten to return it up to the present hour. "Let us have peace," but above all, let $40 be paid to Major John Owen, with reasonable interest thereon since the summer of 1853.—*Missoula (Nee) Pioneer.*

BY TELEGRAPH:

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Mr. Greeley's Closing Speech.

Goldsmith Maid Wins $10,000

Gov. Curtin Declares for Buckalew and Greeley.

Moulders' Strike in Lisbon, Portugal.

The Indian Chiefs Satanta and Big Tree.

Financial and Commercial.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, September 29.—Oregon elected Mitchell (Republican) to the United States Senate. Mitchell succeeded Corbett.

The government sells a million of gold on Thursdays, and buys a million of bonds on Wednesdays in October.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Mr. Greeley made his closing speech very brief. He said, "I don't mean to be tortured into saying another word in the canvass. I have explained myself as fully as seems necessary, and I trust that the good work may go on."

Rev. Francis Vinten, D. D., assistant minister of Trinity parish, is dead.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., September 29.—The Knights of Crispin Co-operative Shoe Factory has burned.

The convict, Michael Mitchell, who murdered his cell mate, has been convicted of murder in the first degree. He pleaded insanity.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., September 29.—The jury in the Fair case came into court this morning for additional instructions on the question of proof of insanity, which is the only ground of defense. The court instructed them that unless the evidence introduced for the purpose of showing insanity is sufficient to overcome the presumption of sanity, it is not sufficient. The jury retired again, and will remain out until Monday.

Goldsmith Maid beat Lucy for $10,000. Time, 2:30, 2:17¼, 2:33¼.

BELLEFONTAINE, PA., September 29.—Gov. Curtin had a brilliant reception here. He made a long speech, echoing Greeley in almost every respect, and declaring emphatically for Buckalew. He made no positive declaration regarding the National politics, beyond denouncing centralization and theft.

LONDON, ENG., September 29.—The Observer says it is reported that Sir Roundell Palmer has accepted the Lord Chancellorship in the place of Lord Hatherly, who resigns.

PARIS, FRANCE, September 29.—The conservative journals condemn Gambetta's speech at Grenaille.

The Patrie publishes a report of the recent conversation with President Thiers, in which he declares that every one in Europe desires peace. Germany has weakened herself by the annexation of non-German territory. Prussia is friendly and Austria sympathises with France. Italy remembers the past. France will have her revenge, not by arms, but by her works—she has nothing to fear.

LONDON, September 29.—The foundries of this city, with few exceptions, have closed their door, locking out some 200 workmen, whose demands the proprietors refuse to grant. Some firms, however, have yielded, and it is believed others will follow. The workmen's movement is strong, and it is rumored is supported, if not ordered, by the intelligent society.

BERLIN, PRUSSIA, September 29.—The Bishop of Ermeden adheres to his position to secular authority on the question of excommunication.

CALCUTTA, INDIA, September 29.—The damage to the jute crop by the cyclone of the 21st inst, in Seraigunge, is estimated at fifty thousand pounds.

ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT., Sept. 29.—A Special Messenger from Constantinople bearing a firman of the Sultan to the Viceroy of Egypt has arrived in Cairo. The firman will be publicly read and promulgated tomorrow with usual ceremonies in firing a salute from the citadel.

MADRID, SPAIN, September 29.—A reinforcement of five hundred regulars arrived at Payerda yesterday, and the Carlists, who were besieging the town, disappeared in the mountains.

MONDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES

ST. LOUIS, MO., September 30.—Satanta, Chief of the Kiowa Indians, and Big Tree, another notable Chief of the same tribe, who have been temporarily released from a Texas prison, arrived here to-day in custody, and were taken to the Everett House, where other Indians were stopping.

During the day a Council was held. The meeting of Satanta and Big Tree was one of the most affecting scenes in Indian history. Their ordinary stoicism gave way entirely, and they hugged and kissed each other and cried like children.

Satanta made a speech, in which he said that he felt like one risen from the dead. He referred to the talk he had had with Gov. Davis, of Texas, who told him he must work hard for peace, and influence his people. If he did this he should be released. He wanted his own people and all other Indians to be at peace with the whites, to let Texas alone and not go on the war path. It is not intended to take Satanta and Big Indian to Washington, but they will probably be placed in the custody of the United States Marshal to-morrow, and held subject to orders from Washington. There is a strong desire on the part of the Indians that Satanta be pardoned, and probably if he is, almost any desired terms can be made with them.

TITUSVILLE, PA., September 30.—At the final meeting of the Oil Producers it was resolved to stop pumping thirty days. All the districts were represented and the feeling unanimous.

PARIS, FRANCE, September 30.—Victor Hugo has been nominated by the Republicans of Algiers for a member of the French Assembly.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Cotton dull; uplands 18¾, Orleans 19½; sales 850 bales

Flour steady. Wheat advancing. Corn shade firmer. Pork steady at $14 10a14 15. Lard dull; steam 8¾a8¾. Turpentine steady at 65. Rosin steady at $4 50 for strained. Freights firm.

Money firm at 7. Exchange—long 7½; short 8¾. Stocks steady. Gold firm at 13¾. Governments quiet and steady. State bonds steady.

LONDON, September 29, noon.—Consols 92½; 5's 89¾.

FRANKFORT, September 29.—Bonds 95¼.

PARIS, September 29.—Rentes 58f 54c.

LIVERPOOL, September 29, noon.—Cotton quiet and steady; uplands 9¼; Orleans 9¾.

LATER—Cotton closed steady; uplands 9½; Orleans 9¾; sales 14,000; speculation and export 4,000.

Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Prime mess 53s.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

ATLANTA, GA., September 10th, 1872.

I HAVE THE DAY withdrawn from the firm of Hesetts & Hope, by virtue of the sale of my full interest to Fred. Hope.

Thanking my friends for the many favors already received, I beg that the same be extended to Mr. Hope, who will continue the business at the old stand under auspices particularly favorable towards gratifying the wants of the public.

sep20-d3t GEO. TAYLOR.

MUSICAL PEOPLE EVERYWHERE

Are invited to examine our new Collection of Church Music, entitled

The Standard!

The following gentlemen, well-known in Musical circles, contribute Tunes, Sentences or Anthems to its pages.

B. K. Oliver,	L. L. Southard,	C. P. Morrison,
L. W. Wheeler,	Nathan Barker.	M. Slason,
T. H. Tanner,	A. C. Rutterson,	G. M. Monroe,
J. H. Tenney,	C. Cushman,	L. W. Ballard,
S. P. Merrill,	W. P. Dale,	Otto Lobb,
Dr. M. J. Munger,		S. Wesley Martin.

The Editors are,

L. O. EMMERSON, of Boston,
H. R. PALMER, of Chicago,

of whose former publications, 1,500,000 copies have been sold.

While designed to supply the wants of Church Choirs, Singing Schools and Conventions, its large supply of new Sentences, Motets and Anthems, render it an excellent

Book for Quartette Choirs.

Price, $1 50; per dozen, $12 00. For $1 25, specimen copies will be mailed, for the present, post-paid to any address.

We also commend our new SPARKLING RUBIES, 35 cts.) for Sabbath Schools, PILGRIM'S HARP, (50 cts.) for Vestries, and BOUA OF SINGING, ($1 00) for High Schools.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.

sep18— apr13—{Wed&Sat&Sw1y

In the Fifth Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Georgia.

HARVEY TERRY and others, Complainants, and THE MERCHANTS' AND PLANTERS' BANK, and HIRAM ROBERTS, Defendants. In Equity.

ALL persons interested are hereby notified that by virtue of an order granted by the Honorable John Erskine, one of the Judges of the said Court, the undersigned has been appointed Master in Chancery in the aforesaid cause, to examine into and take an account of the amount, character and by whom presented, of all claims of any and all persons whomsoever, including attorneys, assignees, receivers, etc., against the fund assigned by the

MERCHANTS' AND PLANTERS' BANK

to Hiram Roberts for the benefit of its creditors, or in any manner arising out of or connected with the execution of said trust, and report the same to the next term of said Court.

And that in accordance with said order the undersigned will hold a sitting at his office in the city of SAVANNAH, on 10 A. M., on the twenty-first day of October next, and report upon the said several claims upon said fund.

ANDREW SLOAN, Master etc.

Savannah, Ga., September 18, 1872.

sep19-d1aw3w

DR. VAN NORMAN'S

ENGLISH, FRENCH and GERMAN Family and Day-School for Young Ladies and Children, New York. Will commence its Sixteenth year, September 26, 1872. For full information, send for Catalogue. Address

D. C. VAN NORMAN,
17 West 42d street, New York.

sep14-d1m—wd&sm—sep28

To Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until October 10th for Building a

Baptist Church at Stone Mountain;

Bidders to give estimates for building of brick, rock and concrete, the committee reserving the right to reject any or all of the bids.

Plans can be seen on application to J. W. McCurdy.

P. B. McCURDY, Chairman,
W. G. WRIGHT, Secretary,
Building Committee.

Stone Mountain, September 24, 1872.

sep24-dsu3td

O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing,

CONCRETE PAVING, Dry and Tarred Sheathing Felt, and Roofing Cement constantly on hand. Office and Factory, Elliott street, rear of Gas Works.

sep21-dsu4tw

A. B. PHELPS, Jr.,

(Formerly of Griffin, Ga.,)

BANKER AND BROKER,

MADISON, GA.,

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS DONE.

Collections promptly attended to.

sep27-d3m—fri sat-sun

GAINESVILLE HOTEL,

Gainesville, Georgia,

J. A. CHRISTIAN, Proprietor.

THIS House has been Refitted and Supplied with New Furniture, and will compare with the best. The Table always supplied with the best the country affords, and special attention given to the comfort of guests.

There will be found at all times upon the arrival of regular trains, Hacks, Buggies, Horses, etc., to convey to this house, free of charge, all persons.

RATES OF BOARD:

Regular Meals	$ 50	Two Weeks	$20 00
Per Day	1 00	Per Month	35 00
Per Week	5 00		

may7—sep28-dtf

SOUTHERN

TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of

TERRA COTTA WORKS,

—SUCH AS—

Window Caps,

Embellishments for Cornice, such as

BRACKETS, MEDALLION,

and everything in the Architectural line. Also,

CHIMNEY TOPS, VASES,

Flower Pots, Statuary, Etc., Etc.

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF

SEWER PIPE

from 3 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.

may21—dly PELLEGRINI & GIORGI.

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

To the Superior Court of said county:

YOUR petitioner, Paul Jones, Senior, showeth that in the course of trade and for a valuable consideration, on the 19th day of December, 1871, by purchase from Jesse G. Kyle, he acquired title to a promissory note (here to the Court shown) for the sum of Eight Thousand Dollars, made by Amy H Sells to W A Reed son and P H Snook, payable to said Kyle, or bearer, dated February 13th, 1871, and due on or before the first day of January, 1872; and that at the same time he, by assignment from the said Kyle, acquired title to a mortgage deed, (here also to the Court shown) executed by said Amy H. Sells to said Kyle and his assigns, to secure the payment of said note, and bearing even date therewith; which mortgage deed covers and embraces all that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, and being part of A J Orme's subdivision of block number one hundred and forty-six, in original lot number fifty-one, in the fourteenth district of originally Henry now Fulton county, and fronting north on East Harris street, one hundred and eighty-three feet and running back on Butler street two hundred and two feet, with all the rights, members and appurtenances to the said premises in anywise belonging.

Your petitioner avers that the condition of said mortgage deed is broken, that said note is wholly unpaid, and that the amount due thereon is eight thousand dollars, principal, besides lawful interest from maturity. He therefore prays that said mortgage may be foreclosed, and that the usual rule to that end be granted and served according to law.

L. E. BLECKLEY,
June 7, 1872. Petitioner's Attorney.

On filing the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court that the said mortgagor, Amy H. Sells, pay into court on or before the first day of the next term, to wit, the second Monday in October next, the principal, interest and cost, or show cause why the equity of redemption in and to the said mortgaged premises should not be forever barred and foreclosed; and that this rule be served as prescribed by law.

L. E. BLECKLEY,
June 7, 1872. Petitioner's Attorney.

A true copy from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

W. R. VENABLE,
June 8-d1awim Clerk.

Take Notice!

THE TIME FOR PAYING THE GENERAL TAX of the City of Atlanta expires on the last day of this month,

Come forward, pay up, and save cost and trouble.

JAMES H. FRANKLIN,
City Tax Receiver and Collector.

sept—d1w

BUY THE GENUINE

STANARD SCALES.

More than 250 Different Modifications

Agents also for the Best Alarm Money Drawer.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,
311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
166 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
58 Camp Street, New Orleans.

FAIRBANKS & EWING,
715 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
118 Milk Street, Boston.

For sale by leading Hardward Dealers.

sep17—d3tawdm

OGLETHORPE UNIVERSITY,

Atlanta, Georgia.

THE exercises of the said Institution will be resumed on the

1st Monday in October

and close on the

1st Wednesday in July, 1873.

Tuition $75 per annum—half in advance.
Board from $16 to $25 per month.
Tuition free to candidates for the Ministry in all denominations.
The Faculty is full and complete.
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REV. DAVID WILLS, D. D.,
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JOHN S. WILSON,
President Board of Trustees.

sep20-d4awtf

NOTICE.

ATLANTA, GA., September 30th, 1872.

The firm of Hesetts & Hope is this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said firm.

ANDREW LOW,
JOHN WOOD,
JOHN D. HOPKINS.

Dated this 31st day of August, 1872.

MR. ANDREW LOW, as above announced, having withdrawn from the firm of Messrs. Isaac Low & Co., of Liverpool, the business of that firm will be continued as heretofore, under the same firm name, by the remaining partner, viz: Miss Wood and John D. Hopkins, with James Torrence Wood, who to this day admitted as a partner.

JOHN WOOD,
JOHN D. HOPKINS,
JOHN T. WOOD.

Limited Copartnership Notice.

WE, the undersigned, have this day entered into a Limited Copartnership, under the laws of Georgia, to do business at Savannah, Ga., under the firm name of Hopkins & Wood.

The general nature of the business to be transacted is that of COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

John D. Hopkins, of Savannah, Ga., John Wood and James Torrence Wood, of Liverpool, England, are General Partners, and Andrew Low, of Savannah, Ga., is Special Partner.

The said parties of the first part to be interested in the business of said firm as follows, viz:

John D. Hopkins, of Savannah, Ga., John Wood and James Torrence Wood, of Liverpool, England, are General Partners, and Andrew Low, of Savannah, Ga., is Special Partner.

The said parties of the first part to be interested in the business of said firm as follows, viz:

John D. Hopkins, of Savannah, Ga., John Wood and James Torrence Wood, of Liverpool, England, are General Partners, and Andrew Low, of Savannah, Ga., is Special Partner.

The said Limited Copartnership to commence on September 1st, 1872, and terminate August 31st, 1873. Andrew Low, as such special partner, has paid into the common stock of the firm one hundred thousand dollars in gold.

JOHN D. HOPKINS,
Savannah, Georgia.
JOHN WOOD,
JAMES TORRENCE WOOD,
Liverpool, England.
ANDREW LOW,
Savannah, Georgia.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1872.

sep1-30w

THE CONSTITUTION

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In order to establish uniform rates of advertisement for the daily press of Atlanta, we have adopted the foregoing schedule of prices, and will be governed by them in the future.

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Manager Atlanta Sun.

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LAWYERS.

W. C. WINSLOW, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia. Practice in the Courts of the Macon and South western Circuits. Collections a specialty. july21—d1y

THOS. WILLINGHAM, JR., Attorney at law, Albany, Georgia, Will practice in the Albany Circuit and Supreme Court, also in courts of adjacent counties by special contract. Prompt attention given to collections. may24—d6m

FRANK S. LOFTIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Franklin, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Carroll, Coweta, Douglass, Fayette, Heard, Merriwether and Troup, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. may15—d1y

W. D. TRAMMELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Cartersville, Georgia, will practice in the several counties composing the Cherokee Circuit. may9—d6m

M. H. SANDWICH, Attorney at Law, Thomaston, Ga. Will practice in the several courts of the State of Georgia. Special attention given to collection of all claims. apr27—d3m

J. A. HUNT, Attorney at Law, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties comprising the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts by special contract. sep25-1y

PHILLIP COOK, ATTORNEY AT LAW, AMERICUS, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Macon, Sumter, Lee, Webster, Schley and Dooly. Also, in the Supreme Court of Georgia. ☞ Office over A. S. Schumperts, Building. apr30—d6m

ALVAN D. FREEMAN, NEWNAN, GEORGIA, Attorney at Law, will practice in the several Courts—State and Federal. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted. apr17—d1y

JAMES C. BARTON, Attorney and Counselor at Law and Real Estate Agent, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Superior and Supreme Courts of Georgia. Office first door east of Court House Building Decatur street. ☞ Special attention given to Collections. apr18—d1y

JAS. A. HARLEY, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Sparta, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Hancock, Hilson, Glascock, Hart, Lincoln, Madison, Oglethorpe, Taliaferro, Warren, Wilkes, Baldwin, Greene, Washington and Columbia. apr18-d1y

PETER FRANCISCUS SMITH, ATTORNEY AT Law

The Daily Constitution

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read manuscripts letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensible. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1872.

Democrats, Look Out!

We learn from a gentleman, residing in DeKalb county, that the colored voters of that county intend running candidates of their own to-morrow, calculating on succeeding because there are independent candadates in the field. Let Democrats sustain the nominees of the party and defeat their efforts.

Bullock's Administrator de Bonis Non.

Bullock administered upon a heavy amount of Georgia property. He and his gang took lots of it. A million for his Legislature, two millions from the State Road, six or eight millions in bonds, and lots of other millions make up a lively and fractious aggregate of plunder.

Some was left behind that they couldn't get at.

The gang has selected Judge Walker as Bullock's administrator *de bonis non*, that is, to take in the rest, and finish up what Bullock left. All his goods not administered by Bullock are now to go through another riffle

The question before the people is whether they are going to permit an additional Radical grab at their "things." Are they satisfied with losing what Bullock took, or do they wish to lose more? It is a simple issue but still a big one, big enough to swamp their last dime.

If our people then are against further plundering of their assets, why let them pay up their poll tax and turn out and vote for James M. Smith, and the regular Democratic nominees for the Legislature.

If they want to be administered upon body and soul, and truck, by the gang that under Bullock ravished their property right and left like a two hundred thousand horse power steam stealing machine warranted to do perfect work, why let them, like a set of incomparable and unmeasurable noodles, hang on to their paltry two dollar poll tax, stay at home and let the robbers put Dawson A Walker in the Governor's office and elect a Radical Legislature.

For us, we are going to give Governor Smith the heaviest lift we are able.

Democrats, the election comes off to-morrow. Hustle up your energies, pay your poll tax for 1871, get your neighbors to do the same, and vote to-morrow if you have to walk a hundred miles to do it.

To the Democratic Women of the Country.

Dear creatures, you always did have your wits about you in a pinch.

Now let us tell you that to-morrow is a critical time in the prosperity of the State and of course, therefore, in your own individual welfare.

A good, honest, economical administration of public affairs makes light taxes, freedom from crime, and a cloverish condition of things generally. A bad, dishonest, wasteful administration breeds disorder, increases taxes, and gives everybody the blues.

To-morrow is to determine what sort of rule we will have in Georgia for the next four years. If Governor Smith is elected we will have a good time. You will get lots of pin money, and have good servants, and things will be jolly. If Dawson Walker, the Radical man, is elected Governor by the great body of the misguided negroes and the carpet-bag plunderers from the North, then there will be tight times, money will be scarce, your men folks will be taxed to death, your property will be plundered, there will be crime and social disorder, and there will be no pin money.

It will be too late to whine after to-morrow. If Walker is elected black rule will be upon us for four years.

Now, dears, each one of you to-day get at your men folks, your fathers, husbands, brothers and sweethearts. Ask them if they have paid their poll-tax for 1871. Without this, they can't vote. If they haven't, see that the day does not pass over without their doing it. The tax is only two dollars.

Then to-morrow see that they take time to go and vote for Governor Smith and the Democratic candidates for the Legislature. Ding-dong it at them. You are, if anything, more interested than they are.

It all depends on the Democrats voting. They must pay their poll tax to vote. They must vote to elect. It will save you lots of dollars and trouble hereafter.

Bullock and his thieving gang stole millions from us, and kept the State in hot water all the time. The same crowd seek to make Walker Governor.

Now, don't let your men folks be so foolish as to let Walker be elected because they don't turn out.

Make the matter lively. Rattle the broomsticks, clatter with your tongues, get the babies to squalling, raise such a din that it will deafen them out of their senses, beg and abuse and woo and bang and storm—anything to arouse the men to a sense of duty and impel them to vote for Smith.

Democratic ladies, don't let us be defeated.

The Emigrant Law.

We understand that some of our German friends object to Governor Smith on account of opposing the following emigrant law:

An act to made it punishable by law, for any emigrant to this State, to leave the service of his employer who has paid the traveling expenses or passage money in coming to the State, unless said emigrant shall refund to his said employer the amount in full of the traveling expenses or passage money so advanced.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly, That from and after the passage of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any emigrant coming to this State, who has contracted with his employer to work for him, and in consideration of said contract his employer has advanced money to pay his traveling expenses or passage money in coming to the State, unless said emigrant shall refund to his said employer the full amount so advanced.

Section 2. That any person violating the provisions of this act shall be punished as prescribed in section 4945 of the Code of Georgia.

Section 3. Repeals conflicting laws.

Approved August 27, 1873.

Our friends evidently misunderstand this law. Will they be kind enough to point out where it's wrong? It oppresses nobody. It has no terrors for honest men. It simply secures to the employer his money if it is not worked out. It simply prevents a dishonest emigrant from getting somebody else's money for nothing.

Georgia State Fair—Rather a Brilliant History.

Since the war, three fairs have been held by the Georgia State Agricultural Society, all of which have been remarkable successes. The fourth, soon to be held in this city, has some features of unusual promise.

The memorable fair of 1869 will never be forgotten. It was a bold and signal achievement, for which the Hon. D. W. Lewis should deserve the lasting gratitude of the people of Georgia. It gave a great impetus to the cause it represented.

The next year (1870) Atlanta was determined not to be outdone in the matter of preparation. While the history of Mr. Kimball is not a very proud one, and his motives were none of the purest, his energy and business capacity were sufficient to push the Fair vigorously. The grounds and buildings were, at great expense, very handsomely adapted to their purposes, and so remain now with ample accommodations, in the hands of the city.

Macon, in 1871, although she had really very handsome and adequate accommodations already provided, seeing within her power a site of far superior adaptation, determined to improve it, and Mayor Huff's administration was characterized by the completion of improvements in an almost incredibly short period, and in a style of beauty and attractiveness scarcely equalled anywhere in this country, North or South. The beauty of these places impressed all visitors, and the grounds and buildings themselves were almost enough to repay a journey to Macon, if there had been no fair. They furnish the citizens of that place still with a constant enjoyment as a place of resort, attractive at all seasons and perfectly convenient of access.

From a last year's paper, the following extract shows something of the character and scale of the preparations:

THE NEW STATE FAIR GROUNDS.

"The city authorities of Macon are sparing neither labor nor expense to discharge their contract with the State Agricultural Society, in a manner which shall redound equally to the credit of the Society and the city, and improve to the utmost a locality possessing unrivalled natural beauty and adaptation to all the uses to which it is to be applied.

"Entering the park through a very tasteful and imposing gateway, you come first upon forty acres in a magnificent grove of mammoth oaks laid out in drives and avenues, which are shaded by the umbrageous growth even at noonday. At the southern extremity of the grove begin the numerous structures to be used for the exhibition and its concomitants. There are twelve substantial, and some of them very imposing buildings, be sides tables, and numerous comfortable cottages for ostlers and attendants, and all the arrangements for other stock."

Such were the arrangements for the fair of 1871.

The approaching Fair of 1872 has perhaps occupied as much careful thought and preparation as any of its predecessors. The premium list is larger and more varied. The number of premiums in last year's list being about 760—the present year about 1,000. The range is wider, and the experience of the past, it is believed, has rendered it more thoroughly practical and useful. It is intended thus to educate the people of the State to a higher standard of practical efficiency in their industry. Much of the exhibition will be new, and the new features equally attractive and instructive. Let our city and our citizens contribute with unabated energy to its success, and the friends of the cause from all parts of the State rally in support of an institution so thoroughly devoted to the great industrial interests of the laboring people, and the general prosperity which rests on their industry.

Vile Misrepresentation.

There is a weekly sheet published in Atlanta by a Government revenue officer. Of course it is a specimen Grant Radical paper. It wears the yoke and works for bread. We merely notice it to call attention to one of its characteristic misrepresentations.

The following act was passed by the last Legislature and approved by Governor Smith:

AN ACT to amend the Garnishment laws of this State.

Section 1. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia do enact, That from and after the passage of this act the wages of no person in the employment of another shall be exempt from the process of Garnishment, *when the consideration of the debt is provisions for the use of the employee or his family, or when the consideration of said debt is for board of himself or family.*

Sec. 2. Repeals conflicting laws.

Approved, August 23, 1872.

Nothing wrong about this. It simply secures debts made to obtain subsistence. It applies only to provision and board, and is restricted to no class of employees.

Yet this Radical sheet endeavors to pervert this righteous law by garbling it into "an iniquitous piece of class legislation" against laborers and mechanics, and calls it "class legislation" sanctioned by Governor Smith.

It omits, in quoting the act, the whole part of the law which limits its operation to "provisions" and "board," and represents the law as general in its application and applying specially to mechanics and laborers when it applies to all persons in the employment of another.

We hardly have patience to refrain from writing of such deliberate and malicious misrepresentation in the language it deserves. It well suits the Grant cause, and Grant revenue officers working for their master.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO., PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., September 30, 1872.

Dr. N. L. Angier, State Treasurer:

DEAR SIR: I send you by the Treasurer of this company $35,000, in cash, the rental due the State for the present month of September. Please send me the usual receipt of the Comptroller General for the amount. I am, very truly, etc.,

JOSEPH E. BROWN, President W. and A. R. R. Co.

COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., September 30, 1872. (No. 708.)

Received of W. C. Morrill, Treasurer Western and Atlantic Railroad Company, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, rental of the Western and Atlantic Railroad for September, 1872, as per certificate No. 708 of N. L. Angier, State Treasurer.

MADISON BELL, $25,000. Comptroller General.

Pay Your Poll Tax for 1871.

Editors Constitution: Please urge all persons who have not paid poll tax for 1871 to come up and pay as no one will be allowed to vote who has not paid his poll for 1871. By order of the Comptroller I am charging only one dollar. I can be found at my office at the store of Cox & Hill. S. R. HOYLE.

BETS.—The Sun says Geo. Wilkes bet a Grant man $1,000 on Monday last that he could not name ten States which would go for Grant. The Grant man named Maine, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Iowa, Michigan, Kansas, Illinois, Minnesota and Wisconsin—not a great State among the number.

☞ Governor Leslie, of Kentucky, has appointed Hon. Willis B. Machen, of Lyon county, to fill the unexpired term of Senator Garrett Davis, deceased.

☞ The author of the "Wide, Wide World" still lives on Constitution Island, in the Hudson river, between West Point and Cold Spring. The lady owns the island, and performs her literary work in that charming locality.

O'Conor declines in New York; Judge Breese in Illinois, and Edgerton in Indiana. It seems impossible anywhere to provide a respectable Democratic godfather for Grant's Bourbon bantling.

LETTER FROM COL. FIELDER.

The Political Situation in South-Western Georgia.

CUTHBERT, GA., September 28, 1872.

Col. I. W. Avery:

DEAR SIR: The Democracy in this part of the State has waked up and will render a good account next Wednesday for Smith and a Democratic Legislature. The negroes are solid, many of them active, are rapidly paying up their taxes, and if they all pay up and come to the polls, the Democracy of the State has work to save it. Acting under orders, they have generally waived their right to sit in the Legislature and have nominated white men, who run as "Independent candidates." This is the plan to respectableize the Grant party and get the negroes taxes paid for the November election. The prospect is that instead of imparting respectability to the party it will tend to drag down from their proper level the men who have been weak enough to yield to such temptation, for some of them have been good men.

There are a few men such as I have referred to, and now and there a man with a postage or a revenue stamp on his back, and it may be now and then one with a promise of some kind in his pocket, who are for Grant and for Walker. But generally, and almost entirely their supporters are confined to the colored race. This is all perfectly philosophical when understood; when the negroes ignorance, prejudice, passion, and to whom he now belongs politically, are well considered. The arguments we make against Grant are held up to them as evidence that he is their man. His opposition to us has no terror to them. He is lead to expect favor where we dread powers and curses. That his freedom and political rights are fixed and secure by organic law; and that he as the weaker race, is as much interested in constitutional civil government as the white man, is a proposition to the comprehension of which ethiop's has never risen in this part of the country. We have no access to them. They are drilled and their fears of slavery and overseer's whips existed, and kept alive, in their secret meetings.

It is not the fault of the white men here, the Democratic portion, at least, that negroes are thus kept in ignorance in order to secure their votes.

There is a class of men to whom, of course, it is useless to address arguments—men who are earnestly devoted to Radicalism in all its practical operations, and who love it for the fruits it bears. Such men as Akerman, Bigby, Whitely, Farrow and many others of similar principles. I mention them as representatives of a class without intending to cast individual odium on them. I have no ill will to any of them. If we prove that Grant is a despot, it is what they love him for; that he has oppressed the South, they think we needed it and have barely gotten what we deserved; that the Constitution has been annulled to gratify the cravings and accomplish the aims of centralized power, why, with these men and their like, those ends and aims are higher and more sacred than the right of the oppressed or the law made to protect them. That the government has squandered the public funds and imposed enormous taxes to replenish Why they have shared the spoil, are holding high carnival over it, and expect to get more the same way. They have no bowels of compassion for the oppressed, because the stone that grinds the poor, presses out their Lordly living. As well reason with a highwayman who has his pistol at your brain, and his hand upon your purse, as to the right of private property the sacredness of human life, as to talk to the class I describe, about turning out Grant and putting in Greeley or anybody else. They not only don't want to do that, but they seek, by all the means within their control, to restore to power in this State the Harpy friends of blasting desolation, the reign of theft and public plunder. To appeal to this class is vain. But the people have the ballot left. That is a peaceful mode of restoring rights. If they fail to use it, they will deserve pity, but receive no quarter at the hands of their oppressers.

There is however, a class of men with whom reason has been, and is being effectual. They are the men whose feelings mistake them—who had an honest repugnance to voting for a man they always hated, and who has been held up to them as no better, if not worse, than Grant. This delusion is being dispelled, and they are falling into line with us. And if the elections in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana indicate the vote of any two of those States for Greeley, we shall not only carry Georgia for him by an overwhelming majority, but he will be triumphantly elected. Whenever it is apparent that Grant's ship is sinking, the spell of his power is broken, and the minions who hold to him for pay or fear, will desert him by the thousand. The issue of the Presidential election is with the North—not with us—still, we must do our duty, and let the responsibility be with them. Truly your friend,

HERBERT FIELDER.

Ninth Congressional District.

Editors Constitution: If this State or any other furnishes any parallel to the proceedings of the Gainesville Convention, I have no knowledge of it. There were three days of steady work, NINETY-SEVEN ballots, and an unknown number of committees and efforts at compromise. The contestants were the Hon. H. P. Bell, of Forsyth, and Hon. Garnet McMillan, of Habersham. Sixty-three was the whole vote—42, under the two-thirds rule, necessary to a choice. The strength of each candidate throughout perhaps varied not a fraction in excess of the other.

After 82 ballots the names of both were withdrawn. Other gentlemen were then introduced, and highly complimentary votes given to Messrs. Simmons, Price, A. S. Erwin and Wellborn. On a failure to agree upon any of these the original two were reintroduced, and from that time it was evident that the convention was resolved to nominate one or the other, or adjourn without a nomination.

After the 96th ballot an adjournment was moved and became imminent. At that critical instant Mr. McMillan said to his friends that the unity of the party must be maintained in any event, that harmony must not be imperilled by any interest of self or section, and that his name must be withdrawn at any time when the same was necessary to prevent an adjournment without a nomination. On the next ballot Mr. Bell received the vote necessary for his nomination.

Colonel Chastain, of Gilmer, who was the leader of the friends of Mr. Bell, offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the magnanimity of Hon Garnett McMillan, in withdrawing his name to secure the unity of the party, entitles him to the gratitude of the Democracy of the District and of the whole State.

The resolution was adopted unaminously, and with great cheering.

Mr. Bell is Mr. McMillan's senior by fifteen years. As one or the other was compelled to yield, or the Convention brake up, the course of Mr. McMillan and his friends cannot be too much applauded.

The harmony and good feeling that prevailed through such a close and tenacious contest was wonderful. The friends of each accorded the highest merit to the other, but neither side would yield an inch until the ericis above stated.

The Ninth District will roll up a tremendous majority for its nominee.

DEMOCRAT.

General Campaign Notes.

Stanley's next search will be for O'Conor's position.

Five hundred to three on Buckalew's election was offered by a hedging Hartranft man all day in Mauch Chunk without acceptance.

Governor Koerner, being interviewed by a reporter of the St. Louis Times, expressed himself confident of 20,000 majority in Illinois.

The Greeley and Brown clubs of St. Louis have a total membership of 8,991 persons.

Zach Chandler says his man Bayley has "got to work like h—l" to carry Michigan.

Chandler, of Michigan, wrote thus to the postmaster at Albany: "I am directed by the Postmaster General to say to you that any assistance you can give the Louisville movement will be considered done for the Administration."

The Liberal Republicans of New York have got on the track of eighty negroes who have left that city for a voting tour in Pennsylvania. A good many patriotic darkies will come to grief after the October elections.

Curtin's letter has electrified the Lehigh Valley. Every hesitating Republican who desired the overthrow of Cameronism and the consequent purification of State finance, but who was slow of action in the Reform movement, now gives tongue boldly against Hartranft in East Catasauqua, Allentown and Bethlehem.

OUR FASHION LETTER.

Fall Fashions.

The Season in the Metropolis.

What to Wear.

Color Blindness—Differentiation of Shades and Colors.

A Railroad Princess.

The Season—Bonnets, Gloves, etc

From our special Correspondent.]

NEW YORK, October 1, 1872.

The usual cargoes of foreign birds and birds of passage have arrived, and the papers teem as usual with brilliant prognostications of the approaching season. Dress, opera, concert receptions, all unapproachable in beauty, gayety and magnificence, are the themes of ordinary society conversation, and doubtless the singing birds, who have succeeded Nilsson, expect to reap a golden harvest from this land of rich promises.

Perhaps some of them will. Lucca will undoubtedly carry away substantial evidence of American liberality, but it is extremely doubtful if all the anticipations of grandeur and gayety are realized. There are several skeletons whose bones will persist in showing themselves, and one of them is disagreeably obtrusive even now, viz: shortness of money.

Whatever the reason is, whether the election, or the enormous amounts that have been carried off to Europe, or both combined, certain it is that money is not plentiful.

Among those who watch the current of events, it is generally understood that the period of a Presidential campaign is not favorable to either business or pleasure. Too much money is spent in flag-raisings, torch-light processions, buncombe speeches, and buying independent voters, to have a great deal left for social festivities and art recreations. The political, and "society element proper" is so interwoven that the absorption of the one in a given direction offsets the other, but there is a great deal of quiet, semi-literary social life existing entirely outside and independent of politics, and into this circle, mere wealth and fashion cannot penetrate. The anniversary of the Liberal Club brought together quite a distinguished circle of men of science and letters the other evening, and a sprinkling of well known women. There were toasts and speeches, song and story, and an abundance of flowers to grace the feast. The occasion was made all the more interesting by the presence of Mrs. E. Thompson, who donated one thousand dollars as the nucleus of a library, and was the first woman admitted to membership.

A few weeks ago the Liberal Club celebrated the death of one of its members by a grand floral display, and a memorial. At the close of the exercises the flowers were distributed among the ladies present.

Miss Emily Faithful has the sanction of the Queen for her visit to this country, and its purpose, of visiting the factories, and large industrial centres, and discovering the status of female labor, and its comparative remuneration. She will be the guest of Mrs. Laura Curtis Bullard during her stay in this city, and the recipient of distinguished hospitality. So many foreign visitors render exceptions on a grand scale the order of the day.

WHAT TO WEAR.

In the midst of all this excitement, people are hurrying home from the country, and rushing frantically about inquiring what they shall get to wear.

The stores are full of new goods, and lately received garments; but nothing is easier than to make a mistake in making a purchase, and the money gone nothing remains but to abide by it.

The difference, as yet, between the spring and the fall, is of material only, not of form It is the Polonaise in black cashmere, instead of buff bateste embroidered with silk, instead of liken and trimmed with "yak" instead of linen lace.

There is a slight variation, however; there is the choice between the Polonaise and the Dolmar, the latter being a close cut sack, with immensely long and wide sleeves, much longer and out of all proportion to the body But who ever heard of fashion paying any attention to proportion?

What is called the "latest" style—though it is old enough, old as the hills, as the children say—is answered as a "talma with sash." It is in reality a mantelet with simulated hood, and long rounded ends, crossed in front, and tied at the back like a *Maria Antoinette fichu*. It is made in black coslunere lined with black silk, and trimmed with broad, black yak silk. Yak or woolen lace, is one of the "novelties." It is made to imitate Irish point and is very effective for trimming fine woolen suits and costumes. It is obtainable in black and various shades of color, and costs from fifty cents to two dollars and a half per yard, according to width and fineness, the range averaging from one to six inches.

Camels hair or Arabian cloth, as it is indifferently called, is the most stylish material for full street costumes. It is very wide, but makes an extensive toilette at six dollars per yard when the making and the cost of the lace is included. It must be said, however that yak lace, wide and matching it in color, trims it exactly.

Black silk suits have been rather run into the ground, and their place is taken by those who can afford them, with suits of dark, rich, plum-colored silk, sage green, chocolate, autumnal leaf or bronze brown. These handsome suits are made up with abundance of hilt plating, velvet somewhat darker and fringe with netted heading precisely the same shade.

Lighter persons, gray, *cube au lails*, peacock and Caf tints are made with demi-trains and trimmed with rich fringe or black thread lace for carriage dresses. Black *moire* and fringe or black velvet and lace are the fashionable trimmings for black silk. Ladies cloth for fall traveling suits is trimmed with silk (*gros grain*,) if the same shade, or a shade darker than the material. The most wasteful, and, therefore the most fashionable design for carriage dresses is a demi-trained skirt, ruffled to the top at the back apron front carried to the back and the new talma with sash, for the shoulders.

Some very eloquent dinner dresses are made without overskirts, the back breadths being laid over in single folds, which are carried up to the line of the shoulders, and give the effect of a Watteau plait. Sometimes the sleeves are formed of this side, pleating, but this method is unpraceful and unbecoming: the cost-sleeves which have reappeared, and which are rendered antique by the addition of two puffs, one at the top and one near the elbow, are much better.

The cloth cloaks, such as have appeared, are made in the sack-cape style. A few very handsome ones in dark cloth have been received, richly embroidered with silk, slightly intermixed with jet, and bordered deeply with a fringe of black marten fur, once known as Alaska sable.

The Dolmar will also be a favorite style, but will be more employed for opera cloaks and carriage wraps than for street wear, its large, loose sleeves, and stylish but somewhat negligee appearance adapting it to these purposes.

Jackets in cloth and cashmere, embroidered in black or shades of color, reappear in profusion. They can be purchased ready made as marked out to be made at home.

COLORS AND SHADES.

The great art of the costume at the present time is to blend shades in such a way as to form a perfect harmony of color.

Color blindness is more common than we have any idea of. Few even of those who are called educated and accomplished know how to distinguish and classify color, much less various shades of the same color. They confound lavender with lilac, drab with gray, brown with ashes of rose, brown with the leaf, and drab colors tan, which is the lightest shade in brown, with deep color, purple with violet, maroon with garnet, and wine color and bright crimson with the lighter scarlet.

Much confusion is created by the announcement every few weeks of a "new" color, when there can really be no such thing, and the so-called *new* color is nothing more than the revival of an old one, or a new shade of color already in existence.

"Paris is sated" for example, is simply the darkest shade of grey, formerly known as "iron" grey, and rendered invisible green so closely that they are often mistaken one for the other. In the inner depths however, there is a shade which in case is green, and the other red, this marks the difference, but with a subtlety which it is difficult to detect, except by putting the two tints together.

The silks of the season exhibit nearly every variation of every shade of every color, and gloves are made to match. In plain colored silks of rich quality we have counted thirty-six shades of wood color alone, and matched each one perfectly with gloves.

Green commences at the palest "water" tint, (*eau de Nil*) and goes down through twenty-five distinctly different shades to the dark "invisible."

In gray there are at present to be had about fifteen different shades, beginning at light ash gray, and ending in iron gray, or "Paris in Ashes."

Drab commences at light stone color, and goes through to dark fawn, taking in about eighteen shades.

Brown begins at a light "tan" and goes down to chocolate, ending in the still darker, but not so rich and deep a tint, the walnut.

Rose color starts at the palest flesh tint, and goes through five shades of flesh, to "flush" "blossom" and "rose," and then through a new series to maroon embodying not less than twenty-five different shades under its single head.

The lightest shade in evening colors is milky white, expressed exactly by the term watered milk, as in it there is precisely that indescribable shadow of water green, which city people at least always see in milk.

Next to this is pearl color, which goes through about fifteen shades to full lavender. When lavender ends the pale English violet begins, and goes through to lilac, from lilac through another series to the dark purple, violet and from violet down the descending scale again to plum color.

The number of shades mentioned does not include *all* that are made from the different colors, but simply those that comprise the recent importations and for which gloves can be procured to match.

Neither can we find time nor space to particularize the shades whose subtleties are as charming as the study is interesting. Women might be forgiven for giving their time and attention with dress, if they studied it from the esthetic point of view, for the gradations in color are like regular octaves in music, and if women could find their loves in music and the correspondence to them in color and tint, wonderfully beautiful toilettes might be wrought out, harmonizing not only with the physique, but the deeper interior nature of the woman.

A RAILROAD PRINCESS.

It was mentioned in a previous letter that a grand wedding was on the tapis

Yellow shows about fifteen different shades, beginning in the faintest straw color, and ending in the ripened straw-color.

The interesting party to it, the bride, is the daughter of one of the railroad kings, who have made enormous fortunes within the past few years, and the event is fixed to come off early in October.

The bridal dress is composed of the finest and richest white satin ever turned out of the Lyon's looms, it has been in process of manufacture since last March. It is trimmed with point lace, corresponding in quality, and six yards of orange blossoms, terminating in a large boquet on the right of the skirt, and a small one on the left. The train is three yards long.

The bridesmaids dresses, six in number, consist of white crepe tissie, ruffled to the top of the skirt at the back, apron front square neck, short sleeves trimmed with pauriniere boquets.

The bride's mother will wear a pearl *gros grain* of the most expensive manufacture, trimmed with a black thread lace flounce half a yard deep, and seven yards long, shawl to match. The lace is the finest fabric ever brought into this country, and the set including a carved cover, cost $5,000.

For a young sister of the bride, a dress has been prepared of white tulle, alternately puffed, ruffled and filled in with rose buds Flesh colored boots. Among the dresses composing the trousseau is a flush rose silk, trimmed with white silk and white point lace. A pale blue silk, trimmed with pale blue crepe and Valencennes, with tea roses.

A light pearl color with flush roses and tulle for trimming and a *cafe au lait* carriage dress, ornamented with black thread lace.

Of the dinner dresses, two were very effectively designed. One of these was a rich black silk, trimmed with white Brussels lace, white tuffle and half blown roses. Another of several shades of peacock green, and brown silk, most curiously and beautifully blended together.

Of the suits the most striking is one of rich plum colored silk, trimmed with velvet and fringe to match. The "fatigue" suits are of satine and velones, the suit en voyage of five invisible green ladies' cloth, faced with silk of the same shade, and the steamer wrapper of sheperds' plaid, soft all wool, trimmed with black velvet.

The indispensable winter suit of black Lyons velvet is to be purchased in Paris, together with an embroidered opera cloak and hats or bonnets to wear with every costume.

The jewels already presented to the bride consist of a set of superb solitaire diamonds, a set of pearls, including necklace, which she will wear at her wedding, a set of Neapolitan coral and cameos encrusted with diamonds. Instead of the usual locket the bride's maids have been presented each with a set of pink Neapolitan coral, and gifts to the bride from her father and mother consist of a complete table service of solid silver unique design and a hundred thousand dollars worth of coal stock.

FALL HATS AND BONNETS

are unchanged in shape, and in the skeleton are as ugly as possible. All the grace is given to them by the millions, and if she is destitute of that necessary gift, her clients suffer. They remind one constantly, irreverent though it may be, of the prayer of a famous old deacon—"Oh, Lord! of myself, I am worse than nothing; it is only the gift of Jesus that makes 'em swally me."

The round crowns, with straight narrow brims, are the popular style; the crown soft and composed of silk or terry velvet, the brim of which is variously turned up at the side, front or all around, faced or made wholly of Lyons velvet. When the brim is raised on one side it always mounted high, with a velvet bow, which is really the most important part of the decoration, although lace, feathers and flowers are generally and indiscriminately added.

The most elegant hats are those trimmed only with velvet and a long real ostrich plume, the cost of which, however, puts them out of the reach of all but the wealthy.

The fashionable bonnet has a large crown, and a small brim turned as a coronet in front. It was very much worn in straw last summer, and ladies who have fine Tuscan or English straw bonnets have had them prepared for fall with little expense by lining the brims with velvet, renewing the flowers and adding a feather tip to the lace from last winter's dark velvet or beaver bonnet.

Very fine felt and beaver hats and bonnets are imported this season in all the new dark shades of color, particularly brown, and sage and bronze green. These are selected to match the costume and bound and trimmed with velvet and feather, also to match.

ENGLISH GLOVES.

The latest importations in ladies' gloves consist of English calf in dark walking colors. The peculiar feature in an oval cut deep and neatly embroidered in silk, the color of the glove.

THE COIFFURE.

Quite a change, and not a becoming one, has taken place in the wearing of the hair. It is now mounted high on the top of the head, and a few pipe-stem curls arranged to fill up the flat space at the back. The "Josephine" is the name by which the new style is known among the initiated.

JENNY JUNE.

The chairman of the Democratic State Committee of Wisconsin feels confident of carrying that State in November by 6,000, and also of carrying the State Legislature. It is also claimed that a large majority of the Germans of that State will vote for Greeley.

The New York Times, Grant's chief organ, referring to the disfranchised citizens of the South, says: "Our party does not believe in the immediate and complete amnesty of these men, and does not think that the country desires or needs it." Mr. Greeley favors universal amnesty and perfect reconciliation.

The Chicago Inter-Ocean announces as its deliberate conclusion, that every man who supports Greeley is "a rebel;" and that when Greeley says: "We cherish no spirit of revenge toward our fellow-citizens of the South, he thereby "insults our brave soldiers."

The New York Nation, (Grant,) referring to the Pennsylvania election, says: "There is a chance, and not a small one, that the Greeleyites may carry it in October." If Pennsylvania elects the Buckalew ticket in October, it is morally certain that it will elect the Greeley ticket in November.

The Cincinnati Enquirer says: "One of the measures by which the desperate and corrupt administration hope to carry the October elections was developed upon our streets yesterday. At different times squads of negroes in plantation clothes were landed in the lower part of the city, and marched up Fifth street. In one gang 300, in another 110, and in another sixty of these imported 'voters' were counted."

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

A REVENUE DECISION.

August Belmont Declines.

Fair at Goldsboro, N. C.

Mrs. Fair Acquitted.

English Emigration.

Louisville and Montgomery United by Rail.

Movements of the Pope.

Gambetta Disapproved.

Financial and Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 30.—The acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue decides that on and after October 1, 1872, no stamps will be required upon checks, drafts or orders except such as are drawn at sight or on demand upon banks, bankers or trust companies. He also decides that on and after that date no stamps are necessary on foreign bills of exchange.

The acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in view of the ambiguity of a portion of section 13 of the act of June 6, 1872, imposing special taxes on dealers in malt liquors, and in view of the supposed intention of Congress, has decided that wholesale and retail liquor dealers may continue to sell malt liquors under their special tax receipts, as such, without being assessed as malt liquor dealers, and that the collection of taxes assessed contrary to that construction shall be suspended until the question can be brought before Congress. Persons who sell only malt liquors are liable only to the special taxes of twenty or fifty dollars, as they are not wholesale or retail dealers in malt liquors.

Probabilities.—For the New England and Middle States on Tuesday, westerly and northwesterly winds and generally clear weather, the winds over the lower lakes probably backing to southerly for the South Atlantic States; northerly to westerly winds and generally clear weather for the Gulf States east of the Mississippi; northerly winds veering probably to easterly, and generally clear weather from Tennessee to Lake Erie and the upper lakes; clear weather and winds, gradually backing to southerly and easterly, for the Northwest with diminishing pressure and easterly to southern winds.

NEW YORK, September 30.—In reply to a letter from the President of the Young Mens' Liberal Republican Association, August Belmont writes declining the use of his name for the nomination for Mayor.

The funeral services of the late Rev. Dr. Vinton will take place at Trinity church, New York, Wednesday at 3 P. M.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., September 30.—The first grand annual fair of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Association of North Carolina opens to the public on the 22d of October at Goldsboro, N. C., continuing four days.

Grand preparations have been made, and the grounds and buildings are in splendid order. Invitation has been extended to the world. The premium list amounts to $10,000. Hon. Horace Greeley, of New York, will be present on Wednesday and Thursday, the 23d and 24th. Governor Walker, of Virginia, delivers the address on Thursday, the 24th.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., September 30.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Fair on the second trial for the murder of Col. Crittenden this morning rendered a verdict of not guilty.

LONDON, ENG., September 30.—A meeting of servants was held in Hyde Park yesterday evening, to take into consideration measures for furthering the movement which has been inaugurated for the emigration of large numbers of this class to Canada and the United States.

The ship Mazarine was wrecked off of Formby, Lancaster county, during heavy gales the latter part of last week, and all on board were drowned. Many reports of other disasters of a less severe character than that of the Mazarine have been received.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., September 30.—The first train on the new road from Louisville to Montgomery reached here to-day. Through trains will now run regularly between the two cities.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NASHVILLE, TENN., September 30.—The fall meeting of the Blood Horse Association commenced to-day. The first race was for the Young America stake for two-year olds, one mile dash; six started and the race was won by Vandalia, beating Nashville and Badock on the third race—time, 1:49¾. The second race was for Green for three-year olds; mile heats, five started; Lampi, 3, 1, 1; Cadwalader, ch. f., 1, 2, 2; Roger Hansen, 2; distanced; Josh, guild, and Lady Greenfield each distanced; time 1:48¾, 1:51¾.

Third race, purse $150, mile and a quarter dash; won by Wanderer, beating London, Richland, and Emma Pratt; time 2:11¾.

UTICA, N. Y., September 30.—The monument to Baron Steuben was unveiled at Steuben to-day in the presence of several thousand people. Addresses were delivered by Ex-Governor Seymour, Congressman Ellis H. Roberts and others.

ROME, ITALY, September 30.—The Pope to-day went out beyond the precincts of the Vatican for the first time since the occupation of Rome by the Italian Government. He proceeded to Porta Della Zecca and walked in the gardens.

PARIS, FRANCE, September 30.—The government condems Gambetta's course in addressing the people in the provinces. His speeches are considered indiscreet and illtimed, and as calculated to needlessly agitate the country which needs repose.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, Sept. 30, 6 o'clock, P. M.

Trade has been active during the week. Meats continue firm. Domestics have declined ¼c. Dry goods are in active demand.

Cotton quiet at 16 cents. Receipts for the week 1,200 bales.

EXCHANGE.—Buying at par; selling ¼ premium.

FINANCIAL.—Money market stringent; we quote money at 1½ per month. Gold buying at 112; selling at 114. Silver buying at 106, selling at 110.

BONDS AND STOCKS.—Georgia 6s 72s74; 7s 82s84; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s, 73s75; 8s 83s85. Augusta 83s85. Georgia Railroad stock 94s96; Georgia Railroad bonds 96s98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 90s92; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 94s96. Macon and Western Railroad stock 96s99. Atlanta National Bank stock 120.

BACON—We quote shoulders 9½; clear sides 13; clear rib sides 12½; country hams 13½12; S. C. hams 16½18; plain canvass hams 14½

BULK MEATS—Shoulders 8½; C. R. sides 11½; clear sides 11½; long clear sides 10½.

LARD.—We quote buckets, 13½; cans, 13½ tierces, 11½.

FLOUR.—Fancy $9 50; extra family $8 50s8 75; family $8 00s8 25; superfine $5 50s6 50.

GRAIN.—We quote white corn 82s85; yellow and mixed 75s78. Wheat best quality $1 45s1 55; common Georgia red $1 40. Oats 57s60. Rye 1 25s1 30. Barley $1 10s $1 15.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Buying prices from wagons. Eggs 28; chickens 22½25; country butter 25s30.

GROCERIES.—We quote: Sugars—Crushed, Granulated and Powdered 14s14½. Coffee A 12; fair Extra C 12½; Yellow C 12½; Brown 11½12. Tallow 7. Liver pool salt $2 15; Virginia salt $2. The various brands of soap from Excelsior Steam Soap Works of Atlanta, from 6s7½c per box. Georgia Soap Factory—5s7c per pound. Candles—full weights 21s24½. Ginger 15. Pepper 25. Corn meal 65s67. Starch 9s10. Rice 9½ 10 for tierces. Java Coffee 27s30. Rio 20s23. New Orleans syrup 70s75; Molasses—bbls. 57; bbls. 60. Cheese, factory, 14s16.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Domestics—Graniteville, 7-8, 11; Trion, 7-8, 11; Augusta 7-8, 11; Graniteville, 4-4, 13½; Trion, 4-

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1872.

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—H Trotter at DeGive's' to-night.

J. E. Goldsmith for Alderman in the 6th ward.

Gems of Stream—Oliver Ditson & Co.

The Lewanica property will be sold to-day.

Paris Millinery Emporium by Mrs. McDowell.

Dress making by Mrs. Duffy.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

For choice family groceries call on Boyd & Brumby.

WE learn that the Radicals and negroes will run a full ticket in DeKalb county to-morrow.

TEN boys are brought under subjection at DeGives now, and made to keep in their places.

SOCIETY NEWS.—Goodloe Yancey and Miss Despree were married in Athens on the 25th of September.

MASONIC.—Georgia Lodge, No. 96, will hold a regular communication this evening at 7½ o'clock. The fraternity are invited.

WILSON G. JOHNSON, of Lexington, is in the city.

WE regret to learn of the death of the youngest daughter of Colonel Lewis Tumlin, of Carrollton. We deeply sympathize with Mr. and Mrs. Tumlin in their affliction.

THE office of G. Sharp, Jr., has been elegantly frescoed by Kreigor, with Harry & Co.,

MCCLURE, late of McClure & Harry, has returned from New York, and is now with the firm of Harry & Co., at the old stand.

CONTINUED.—The libel case of H. P. Farrow vs. W. W. Rhodes has been continued until next Saturday.

THOMPSON is preparing for the game season. He will supply families with oysters, fish and game in season.

COSTUME SOIREE.—Madame Teasdale gives a grand costume soiree at Powell's Hall to night. A brilliant affair is anticipated.

REVIVAL.—A revival is progressing in the Presbyterian Church at Decatur, under the ministrations of Rev. Dr. Fraser. Seventeen have been received upon the profession of faith and two by letter.

COL. NICHOLS has arrived and will take charge of the Kimball House to-day. The genial phiz of Frank Warren will again be seen behind the counter with that smile rippling from ear to ear. We extend a hearty welcome to Col. Nichols.

CUTS.—Two policemen last night arrested a police official and carried to him the calaboose. As he has a young and handsome wife and was on the eve of starting to supper, he paid the arresting fee and went on his way rejoicing.

PARIS MILLINERY EMPORIUM.—MRS. E. L. McDowell has just returned from New York with an elegant assortment of pattern bonnets, sash ribbons, French flowers and feathers, and all the latest novelties. Call and see her.

BANKS.—Atlanta has several fine banks. They are excellent institutions on a firm basis. But we need a half a dozen more to afford monetary facilities for commercial transactions.

DOTS.—The young gent who purchased a thousand-mile ticket on the West Point Railroad, is anxious to sell it at half price.

The belle of Thomas county is in the city. She is pretty enough to eat.

FREE LECTURE.—On next Thursday night there will be an address on Temperance in this city by Rev. George D. Burrus, of Alabama, a gentleman of marked ability and much experience as a public orator.

THE LABRNDON HOUSE, on Peachtree street, at one time occupied by Gov. Bullock, was enamed not long ago white unoccupied, and stripped of grate, brackets, etc. The sewer pipe was wrenched off in search for lead pipes. The police are on the trail of these bold thieves.

RE-CAPTURED.—Constable John M. Hill succeeded in re-capturing Fred Williams, last night, who was charged with brutally beating his brother in-law with a horse-whip, last week, and ordered to jail, in default of $150 bond, by Judge Butt.

Fred, under pretence of getting bondsmen, made good his escape, but it was an up-hill business for Fred to keep out of the way of John.

DIED.—Mr. W. H. Wilson, a native of Butts county, Ga., well known in Griffin and Macon (in the livery business) who recently moved to Atlanta, died at his residence on Pryor street yesterday. His remains go to Griffin for interment this morning.

RECORDER'S COURT.—Some twenty-five cases were disposed of yesterday, the fines footing up about $35.

We direct attention to the card of Thomas J. Buchanan, with the house of Menko & Brother.

THE LABRNDON PROPERTY.—C. C. Hammock will sell three elegant residence lots at the junction of Peachtree and Oak streets, this morning, at the City Hall. Here is a chance to get gilt edge residence lots.

DRESS MAKING.—Mrs. J. Duffy is prepared to do dress making with neatness and promptness. We commend her to the favorable attention of our lady readers.

THE EPISCOPAL FAIR.—The preparations for this Fair, now making by the ladies, insure success. One of them has just received from Tiffany & Co., New York, a very valuable contribution—gilt tiled ornaments. We trust that many others will imitate the example and help the good cause.

TWO FARMS.—Don't forget the sale, this morning, at the City Hall, by Wallace & Fowler, of three farms, one on the Roswell road, five miles, and the other near Clark Howell's mile, 203½ acres each, W. P. Johnson, administrator.

A CASE OF "OUTRAGE."—Policeman Wiley Hill had a preliminary hearing before Justice Butt yesterday afternoon, on the charge of committing an outrage on the person of a mulatto girl, Edmonia Bowen, between 12 and 13 years of age on the 18th of September. The details as elaborated by the witnesses for the prosecution are too disgusting for publication, and we will not offend the delicacy of our readers by giving them. The case was not concluded, but continued over until to-day. Messrs. Thrasher & Thrasher appear for the prosecution, and S. B. Spencer for the defendant.

SALE TO-DAY AT THE CITY HALL.—Colonel G. W. Adair will sell to-day five splendid farms, part of the Lewis' land on Peachtree creek, five miles from Atlanta, and one mile from the Air Line road, on easy terms; five farms one mile east of Atlanta on the Turnpike road; five magnificent residence lots corner of Loyd and Mitchell streets.

C. C. Hammock will sell the Seaseon House, formerly known as the United States Hotel. It is one of the most valuable pieces of property in the city. He will also sell three lots on Oak street.

The executors of Mathew Rice will sell two brick houses, and four wooden houses, at the corner of Loyd and Mitchell streets. Go and attend the sales to-day.

DEGIVE'S.—Complaint is sometimes made against our city that theatrical performances are not appreciated. Mr. Templeton has made exertions to secure actors of merit, consequently the habitues of DeGive's have extended to him a generous and liberal patronage. Last night Auber's Dramatic Opera of Fra Diavolo received a most excellent rendition at the hands of the English Opera Troupe. We have not time to particularize the merits of each individual actor. All did well. Miss Ellis looks charmingly fresh, pretty and good-natured. Her singing is full of expression and fascination. Her personations captivate an audience. Handsome, graceful, possessed of an expressive face, a musical voice, an easy manner, Miss Ellis has established herself in the hearts of the habitues of DeGive's.

May the Fay and Miss Vane are ever popular with an Atlanta audience. Last night the audience was in the most appreciative and sympathetic mood, and the warmest feeling prevailed between artistes and people. Everything was favorable to putting the artistes on their mettle, and they fulfilled the obligations imposed in splendid style. But to be appreciated, one must see and hear the English Opera Troupe. We advise all who have not been to go to DeGive's to-night.

"YOUNG FOLKS RURAL."—This elegant and interesting monthly for children and youth, published in Chicago, Ill., is on our desk, and we regard it by far the best publication of the kind in the United States. It will be a gem to all the little folks and many others who may be so happy as to receive it. The charming tales, beautiful engravings, correspondence, and general miscellany cannot fail to please. Price per annum for single copy $1 50. To clubs of four or more $1 00. Address H. N. P. Lewis, Publisher, Chicago, Ill.,

The beautiful chromos given annually to each subscriber.

WHAT CAME OF A FREE BREAKFAST.—Mayor A. Bell keeps a select private boarding house on Wheat street, at his residence, known in common parlance as the "Calico House," or Bell Mansion.

Mrs. Bell is a most accomplished lady, and what she doesn't know about "house-keeping" need not be inquired after.

On Saturday morning the boarders were regaled with a sumptuous fish breakfast. The fish were selected with care, and seemed fresh and good. Several of the boarders complained of feeling sick before dinner, and one severely. Dinner came off about half-past one o'clock. Mutton, beef, chicken, vegetables, milk, etc., was served up, and all partook of the dinner.

About half past two or three o'clock several were attacked severely and vomited. Some 15 or more were more or less affected.

All who were severely affected partook of the fish at breakfast, while several who ate the fish were not affected.

Those most severely affected were Mrs. A. J. Orme, Mrs. Bacon and daughter, Colonel J. R. Saxed and his son Percie, Mrs. Regan, Mr. Quigley, Mr. Fairweather and Colonel Sage. All have recovered except Mrs. A. Orme, who is extremely low.

No suspicion attaches to the cook or any one connected with the house. Mrs. Bell was attacked violently that evening and her son and daughter has been quite sick for several days.

The boarders all remain satisfied that whatever the cause that it was the result of mere accident. Dr. J. F. Alexander has been attending the sick ones, and attributes it to something that was eaten by them.

"LET US HAVE PEACE."—ATLANTA, GA., September 30, 1872.—*Editors Constitution:* There are often cases where persons have been charged with making threats simply because they gave good advice with a view to avoiding evils. In this case your writer certainly means no threat or intimidation, but asks to avoid trouble on the day of the election. There is, unfortunately, but one voting precinct in this city. The polls open at 7 o'clock A. M. and close at 6 o'clock P. M., giving 11 hours for voting. The Democracy polled about three thousand votes at their nomination two weeks ago for Representatives, and it is presumed will poll the same vote in the election this week. The Republicans, though not so strong, will poll a considerable vote. Suppose the two parties are able to poll in the aggregate four thousand and four hundred votes, then the question arises "Can that number of votes be polled in eleven hours?" Can four hundred men vote per hour? Can six or seven men vote per minute? Every preliminary measure which would facilitate voting should be resorted to. It is too late to open any new precincts for this election. And there can be but one box at a precinct. It is obvious that every minute between 7 A. M., and 6 P. M., should be economized as we may find in the evening that every minute lost was a loss of six or seven votes. To expedite voting and avoid collisions, the same rule should be adopted in this city which is universally adopted in large cities throughout the country. A line should be formed by the voters as they come up, just as is formed at our postoffice every morning, and let every voter hide his time. Then the first to come will be the first to vote. No man should be permitted to step in ahead of others who have been waiting hours to vote. If this rule is not adopted a general rush is made at the voting place, and John Smith endeavors to push aside Tom Brown, a blow is given, and a general row ensues. Adopt this rule, and let every man take his position at the rear end of the line, and the election will pass off quietly.

The evil cannot be remedied by having a private side door for the favored few to pass in at and vote while hundreds who came before them are kept waiting. There should be but one approach for the rich or poor, the laboring man or the capitalist, and all should bide their time and vote in the order in which they stand in the line. VOTER.

ATLANTA, GA., September 28, 1872.—*To Messrs. George McKinney, J. W. Hogan, D. D. Sayder, Wilson Holmes and Lewis Seldner, Committee:* GENTLEMEN: I thank you for the kind manner in which you have notified me that at a meeting of the Republicans of Fulton county, held in this city last night, I was nominated as a candidate for Representative from Fulton county in the next General Assembly of Georgia.

With a grateful appreciation of the compliment bestowed by the kind partiality of my fellow-citizens, I regret that it is impracticable for me to accept the nomination.

Very respectfully, GEO S. THOMAS.

Local and Business Notices.

LAST CHANCE!—The last vacant residence lots on Peachtree street will be sold at the City Hall this morning. Property gilt edge. Terms very attractive. oct1-1t.

CHOICE Family Groceries and supplies at Boyd & Brumby's, next door to the Live Drug Store. Goods delivered in the city free of charge. oct1-1w.

REMEMBER the sale of those "gilt edge" residence lots on Peachtree street this morning. Sale at City Hall. oct1-1t.

WHERE do you go to get your choice Family Groceries? Why, to Boyd & Brumby's, No. 13 Whitehall street. They keep everything nice. oct1-1w.

"MY dear William Henry, don't fail to call at Boyd & Brumby's and order some of that choice Breakfast Bacon. They will send it home for you. And *don't* forget some preserves." oct1-1w.

ENNUI, my love, we are out of Flour, Coffee, Sugar and Pickels. Do get some today." "Well, Susie, dear, where shall I get them at?" Why, at Boyd & Brumby's, of course. oct1-1t.

THE handsome lots at junction of Peachtree and Oak streets, will be sold at City Hall this morning. Property gilt edge, and terms unusually easy. oct1-1t.

AN elegant line of Ladies, Misses and Children's Shawles, new and beautiful designs, at the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street. STEINHEIMER BROS.

sep29-d3t

GAY, MCCLESKEY & Co., Peachtree street, are now receiving their new stock of Fall and Winter Goods.

It is impossible to enumerate Goods or prices, but suffice it to say, they have one of the largest and most attractive stocks of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, etc., now offering to the Retail Trade of Atlanta. Their new store is now being completed, and furnishes them a large, handsome and well lighted room in which to exhibit their Goods.

They solicit a call from all, feeling confident that they can success-fully compete with any house in the city, either as to *quality, style* or *price*.

GAY, MCCLESKEY & Co.,
89 and 91 Peachtree street.

sep29-d3t&wlt.

500 pieces all-wool Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, and Satinets, for men's, boys' and youth's wear, "very cheap," at the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street.

sep29-d3t STEINHEIMER BROS.

JOHN KEELY offers for sale the "Eclipse" Black Alpaca—The Best Goods Made—the color of every piece guaranteed.

JOHN KEELY,
sep29-d3t cor. Whitehall and Hunter.

A complete line of ladies, misses and children's Boulevard Skirts, "most beautiful designs." Do not fail to purchase one of those handsome "Queen Augusta" Skirts, at the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street.

sep29-d3t STEINHEIMER BROS.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.—They are getting in an elegant and extensive stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods, Hair Goods, and at Knox's Millinery and Variety Store, 25 Whitehall street, and are selling at the same low prices as formerly. sep29-d3t

A full and complete line of Dress Goods, including black and colored Alpacas of the "Mary Stuart make," imported exclusively by A. T. Stewart & Co., of New York. The New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street, is "the" place to buy these goods.

sep29-d3t STEINHEIMER BROS.

BARBER SHOP.—George Davis & Mac Hill have opened a new Barber Shop, next to James' new Bank Block, on Whitehall street. They invite the patronage of the public Shaving 15 cents—first-class.

sep26—d1w

JOHN KEELY is opening a large handsome stock of Goods, on which he will ask the smallest possible profits.

He is also offering the following "Bargains," in goods which he obtained not through the ordinary channels of trade, viz:

Black Alpacas, slightly wet, 65 cents per yard—worth $1 00.

150 Japanese Silks, plain and brocaded, $5 00 per dress—worth $9 00 to $15 00.

500 pieces Embroideries at half value, (beautiful goods.)

500 dozen Lace-edge Ruffling, 25 cents per bolt—worth $1 25.

1,000 fine Linen Collars and Cuffs 10 cents each—worth 25 to 50 cents.

Misses Hats, a large lot, at one-fourth the value.

Call early, as "Bargains" *will* be sold.

JOHN KEELY,
cor. Whitehall and Hunter streets.

sep29-d2t

THE cheapest Lace Collars can be bought at D. & E. STEINHEIMER'S.

sep28—d3t

A FULL line of Concord Jeans, at
sep28-d3t D. & E. STEINHEIMER'S.

M. & J. HIRSCH, No. 41 and 53 Whitehall street, are the first in the field with a mammoth stock of clothing, comprising Diagonal, Scotch and Melton suits, all of which were manufactured under the superintendence of one of our firm, and are guaranteed to the trade. None but the best Foreign and Domestic material has been used, and we guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

Examine our stock of genuine Kersey and Melton Over-coats before you purchase.

sep28—sat-sun tues

$10,000.—Ten Thousand Dollars worth of Shoes and Boots at manufacturers cash prices, at D. & E. STEINHEIMER'S,
Corner Whitehall and Mitchell street.

sep28—d3t

"WE need no advice but money," is the general saying, but when we advise our friends and the public in general to go to M. & J. Hirsch's Clothing House and examine their stock of Mens' and Youths' Clothing, which has been manufactured to order in the most careful manner and latest style, they will acknowledge that such advice is as good as cash. There is no doubt that their stock of Clothing is equal if not superior to any in the country, Merchant Tailors not excepted. Remember, M. & J. HIRSCH,
51 and 53 Whitehall street.

sep28—sat sun-tues

WE are requested to advise the public that Wm. P. Hall, Esq., of Charleston, S. C., is expecting, at that port, a direct importation of Spanish Jacks, to arrive about November 1st. They are represented as being very superior. Persons wishing to secure one would do well to communicate with said gentleman. sep27—d2taw4w

FOR THE SUMMER.—I am now prepared to furnish regular meals at the usual hours. My Restaurant is fitted up for the summer campaign. R. G. THOMPSON.

apr17-wed & sun-tf

ICE CREAM.—R. G. Thompson is prepared, from this date, to supply families, parties and picnics, with Ice Cream, in any quantity, at reasonable prices. apr17-wed & sun-tf

MISSION SABBATH SCHOOL SONG BOOKS, containing each 100 popular songs and selections prepared expressly for Mission Schools Price Five Cents per Book.
Apply at THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
sep1-dtf W. A. HEMPHILL & Co.,

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.—Our pamphlet copies of the Decisions of the last term of the Supreme Court are now ready and are being sent out. Send in orders at once. This will insure the receipt of the Decisions at the earliest possible moment. Pamphlets, $1 60 per copy.

ATLANTA MINERAL SPRING CURES.—*Mr. Sanders:* I had been suffering for five years with a very severe case of Dyspepsia. I commenced using the water of the Atlanta Mineral Springs—felt the beneficial effects of the water, and was entirely cured after its use twice a day for two months. I hereby recommend it to all afflicted as I was.

Yours, etc., JAS. STEWART,
Coweta County, Georgia.

Mr. Sanders: From long illness I was reduced to a skeleton—was generally debilitated—had no appetite, etc. I commenced using the Atlanta Mineral Spring water, and in less than a week commenced to improve; my appetite became better than ever; could eat and digest any kind of food, and soon gained flesh at the rate of three-fourths of a pound daily. J. M. MOORE, M. D.,
Houston County, Georgia.

Mr. Sanders: I can and do cordially recommend the Atlanta Mineral Spring water for the cure of Rheumatism. It is well to use it in bathing as well as drinking. I had had the disease for years and suffered excruciatingly, and was entirely cured by this water, while every other remedy, that I had used, failed to do me any permanent good.

Yours truly, J. M. MCCARTHY.
Columbia, South Carolina.

july27-tf

OLD PAPERS! OLD PAPERS!—For sale at CONSTITUTION OFFICE in bundles of 100 copies each for convenience of customers. $1 per hundred. tf

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT.—The flattering success of the past season has compelled us to extend our facilities in our Merchant Tailoring Department, in order to supply the increasing demand. The substantial support or a generous public has encouraged us to procure, at a large salary, the services of one of the most experienced Cutters in the profession, who is assisted by a corps of first-class workmen which enables us to produce elegant garments at reasonable prices.

EISEMAN & BRO.,
sep21-d1f 66 Whitehall street.

ICE CREAM, by the gallon or plate. Families and parties supplied. LEWIS COOK,
may8—d1f Collier Building.

$500 REWARD.

I HEREBY offer a REWARD OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, for the apprehension, with proof sufficient to convict, the party and his accomplices, who assassinated my husband, William P. Milton, in Milltay, Georgia, on the night of the 19th day of April last, by shooting him through the window of his dining room, while at his supper table.

This 17th day of June, 1872,

sep15—w90d NANCY C. MILTON.

NOTICE.

Martha Mangum et al., vs. Wm. L. Mangum et al., } Petition for Partition.

IN this case it being represented to the Court that Esather Cook, formerly Esather Mangum, is a resident of Louisiana, and that John Hubbard and Walter Hubbard, sons of Mary Hubbard, formerly Mary Mangum, now deceased, reside in Mississippi, and they appearing to be part owners of the land lot No. 90, in the 15th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, sought to be divided.

It is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the newspapers in the city of Atlanta, in which the county advertisements are made for four successive weeks, notifying the said now residents, that appl cation will be made at October Term, 1872, of Fulton Superior Court for partitioning to them the lands in question. By order of Court.

COLLIER, MYRATT & COLLIER,
Attorneys for Petitioners.
Printer's fee $10

GEORGIA, Berrien County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, September 3, 1872.

TABITHA PARRISH applies for letters of Guardianship of the person and property of G. J. Parrish, Rebecca J. Parrish, J. W. Parrish and M. Parrish, orphans of James Parrish, deceased.

All persons concerned are notified to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else letters will be granted.

R. J. LAMB, Ordinary.
sep1-w4w [Printer's fee $4 00.]

Executors' Notice.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late Mary Hart, deceased, of said county, are hereby required to make immediate payment. And all persons having demands against said deceased will render them in agreeable to law to

GEORGE T. J. W. & A. F. HURT,
sep12 w6w Executors.

Grand Opening!!

—AT—

J. M. HOLBROOK'S,

Thursday, Oct. 3, 1872.

For Gentlemen on First Floor.

For Ladies on Second Floor.

The Latest Styles and novelties in Hats for Ladies and Gentlemen.

The handsomest display ever made of styles in Atlanta.

HATS OF EVERY COLOR, STYLE & QUALITY.

Ladies and gentlemen, married and single, invited to attend.

Remember, Thursday, October 3d, 1872.

J. M. HOLBROOK'S,
Hat Emporium,
sep29—d4t Whitehall Street.

Greeley or Grant

IF EITHER IS ELECTED

EVERY PERSON IN THE STATE

will want to get into some business that they can

MAKE A HANDSOME THING OF.

WE have two articles of our own invention and patent that is needed in every household, and meets with ready sale—both paying large profits—for which we wish to sell territory. We have all the territory of the United States to sell or exchange for good real estate, except the States of Michigan, Illinois, Ohio, Indiana, Alabama and three counties in the State of Georgia.

One of our inventions and patents is a Peach Stoner and Halver. With this machine, one hand can do the work of six or eight hands, and at the same time increasing the value of the fruit 25 to 30 per cent: when dried, as it cuts the peach in strictly halves and thereby prevents worms from getting to the dried fruit.

Men, in selling the machines, can make very easily if a good salesman from FIVE TO FIFTY DOLLARS per day, clear of all expense

Having been a cotton planter, and being fond of farming, I would exchange this right to one or both articles for a specified amount of territory for a good plantation, with or without stock and provisions, in South Georgia or Middle Florida.

Call at my office on Marietta street, or address,

DR. J. S. WILLSON,
sep29-d1f P. O. Box 545, Atlanta, Ga.

G. W. ADAIR'S SALES,

AT CITY HALL,

FIRST TUESDAY IN OCTOBER, SALE DAY.

1ST—Those 5 splendid Farms, a part of the Lewis land on Peachtree Creek, five miles from Atlanta, one mile east of Air-Line Railroad, on easy terms. 30 days on 1st payment.) See plat.

2—Those 5 beautiful Small Farms, one mile east of Atlanta on the Turn-pike Road to Decatur, 20 days on first payment. Terms easy. See plat for particulars.

3—Those 5 magnificent Residence Lots, corner of Loyd and Mitchell streets, adjoining Gate City Seminary. Sold for Executors. Terms easy. See plat. This is all No. 1 property and must be sold without reserve. Go and examine the property—can get a plat at my office.

Be at the City Hall precisely at 10 o'clock on sale day. G. W. ADAIR,
sep29—d2t Real Estate Agent.

Coal! Coal!

DR. J. S. WILLSON would respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he is prepared to furnish them with the best quality of Coal in the market—either at Wholesale or Retail.

Office and Yard corner Marietta and Forsyth Streets, Atlanta.

Post Office Box 545. J. S. WILLSON,
sep29—d1m Agent.

FOR SALE.

THE most Valuable Property on Pryor street—HOUSE AND LOT. Also, Vacant Lot. Both well shaded with forest oaks. Only ten minutes walk from Depot. Apply to PERRY CHISLOLM,
At Williams' Auction House,
sep29—d1f Marietta street.

FOR SALE,

A FAMILY GROCERY AND CONFECTIONARY with stock and Fixtures, also, a neat Saloon attached, in a handsomely fitted up store, in one of the best locations in the city. Also, a furnished room for a small family, on the same floor. All will be sold at a great sacrifice. In addition a five years lease. Will sell the whole for $900. Good reasons given for selling. For particulars address P. P., Post Office, stating where an interview may be had. Rent very low. sep29—d3t

Administrator's Sale.

WILL be sold before the Court House door in Newnan, agreeably to an order of the Ordinary of Coweta county, Georgia, on the

FIRST TUESDAY IN NOVEMBER NEXT,

within the legal hours of sale, that

Valuable Farm

belonging to the estate of Gilbert D. Greer, late of said county, deceased. The place is situated about two mile north of Newnan, and contains seven hundred acres, with good orchards, a fine large and

Commodious Dwelling,

suitable outhouses, etc. Also, at the same time and place, three hundred acres of land on the west side of the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, on which Mr. —— now resides, belonging to the same estate.

All sold for distribution according to the last will and testament of Gilbert D. Greer, deceased.

Terms one-half cash—balance small notes at ninety days.

sep29-d1m R. B. BOSSER, Administrator.

CUMMING AND DULUTH

HACK LINE.

J. W. JAMES & CO. are now running, for the accomodation of the traveling public, a good TWO HORSE HACK, three times a week, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and making close connection with the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad. Leave Cain's Hotel at Cumming, at 12 M., and arrives at Duluth at 5 o'clock, P. M., in time for the down train to Atlanta. Leaves Duluth at 5 o'clock in the morning and arrives at Cain's Hotel, in Cumming, at 1 o'clock, to dinner.

Careful drivers. Terms moderate.

sept1—d1f

BELL SCHNAPPS,

Distilled by the Proprietors

AT SCHIEDAM, HOLLAND.

AN INVIGORATING TONIC

AND MEDICINAL BEVERAGE.

WARRANTED perfectly pure, and free from all deleterious substances. It is distilled from BARLEY of the finest quality, and the AROMATIC JUNIPER BERRY of ITALY and designed expressly for cases of DYSPEPSIA, or INDIGESTION, DROPSY, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, GENERAL DEBILITY, CATARRH OF THE BLADDER, PAINS IN THE BACK AND STOMACH, and all diseases of the URINARY ORGANS. It gives great relief in ASTHMA, GRAVEL, and CALCULI IN THE BLADDER, strengthens and invigorates the system, and is a certain preventive and cure of that dreadful scourge, FEVER AND AGUE.

CAUTION! *Ask for* "HUDSON G. WOLFE'S BELL SCHNAPPS."

For sale by all respectable Grocers and Apothecaries.

HUDSON G. WOLFE & CO., Sole Importers,
Office, 19 South William Street, New York.

sep21-d1m&sun1st

R. W. JONES, Covington, Ga. | A. A. MORRIS, Jonesboro, Ga.

LIVERY

Sale and Feed Stables,

COVINGTON, GEORGIA,

JONES & MORRIS..... Proprietors.

KEEP always on hand, good turn-outs, first class horses and careful drivers. Parties wishing to go to the battle ground, or any point in the country, will find it to their interest to give us a call. Stock will taken care of when destined to our care. Stock on hand for sale, at all times.

sep15—d3m

TURNIP SEED.

Fresh and Genuine from best Eastern Growers.

A FULL STOCK,

NOW in store and to arrive, of Rota Baga, white and yellow; Purple Top, strap leaf, Globe, Flat Dutch Globe, Flat Dutch, Cow Horn, and all other improved standard varieties, and selling at very lowest Cash Prices.

Now is the time to buy your supply—you will soon have to wait.

The Fruit Season is also at hand, and those expecting to enjoy and save their fruit should be supplied with

Peach and Apple Parers, Cider Mills and Wine Presses.

I have on hand, 300 Celebrated Lightning PEACH PARERS, 100 Celebrated Lightning APPLE PARERS.

Two Cases of the combined Apple Parer, Corer and Slicer.

Fitchenson's Single Cider Mills and Presses, and a sufficient supply of Double Mills, for those who wish to make cider on a large scale.

Circulars, price lists sent on application.

J. BEN WILSON,
(Successor to Echols and Wilson,
Broad street, by the Bridge, Atlanta, Ga.

july4—d12m

WILLIAM RICH & COMPANY,

WHOLESAL

NOTIONS, MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS,

Atlanta, Georgia,

HAVE REMOVED TO CLARKE'S BUILDING, No. 15 DECATUR STREET, opposite The H. I. Kimball House, are now fully prepared for the

FALL TRADE,

with one of the largest and best assorted Stocks of Goods in the South.

Merchants will promote their interests by examining our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—WE ARE PREPARED TO DUPLICATE NEW YORK BILLS.

sep21-d&wlm WILLIAM RICH & CO.

GORMAN'S

River Plantation

FOR SALE.

18 Miles from Atlanta.

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer

In Douglass County.

1,248 ACRES.

640 Acres of Fine Bottom Land.

The balance Oak and Hickory—Well Timbered.

IT HAS BEEN SUBDIVIDED INTO

Four Farms.

No. 1—194 ACRES WOOD LAND—80 of which is Creek and River Bottom uncleared, and 111 Acres of River Bottom cleared. All of which will be sold as subdivided or as the purchaser may desire. A

New Grist Mill and Cotton Gin

is on this Farm. Also,

Two Tenement Houses,

one of 4 rooms and out buildings.

No. 2 contains 184 acres of woodland land, 130 acres of bottom land. On this is a

Frame Dwelling

of 8 rooms and out buildings, and two fine orchards.

No. 3 has 143 acres of wood land, cleared land 147 acres. On this is two tenement houses. On this, also, is a splendid

WATER POWER.

No. 4 has 154 acres of wood land, cleared land 185 acres. On this place are

Three Tenement Houses.

The above property will be

Sold in Atlanta,

—ON THE—

First Tuesday in November next,

AT AUCTION.

If parties desire they can effect a private sale of this property.

WE ALSO HAVE A

FARM IN CAMPBELL COUNTY

FOR SALE.

It consists of 420 acres, 150 acres of Creek bottom, balance well timbered. On it is a good Frame Dwelling and out buildings.

Terms—One-half cash; balance in 12 months.

Map can be seen at Redwine & Fox's, Atlanta, Ga. Surveyed by D. T. Nining.

A. S. & JAMES M. GORMAN,
Proprietors.

REFERENCES—Wallace & Fowler, W. J. Garrett, Gen. A. Austell, M. G. Dobbins.

sep21-d1tst-tues-tu-nov

SALES AT THE CITY HALL,

TUESDAY, THE 1st,

AT 10 12 O'CLOCK,

The United States Hotel.

—ALSO—

The Three Lots on Oak Street.

☞SALE POSITIVE.

C. C. HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agent,
sep29—d2t James' Bank Block.

"BAZAAR GAZETTE."

IN connection with the Bazaar to be held in Atlanta, between the 8th and the 23d prox., for the benefit of

St. Philip's (New) Episcopal Church,

WILL BE PUBLISHED THE

"BAZAAR GAZETTE,"

a Daily paper containing items of general and local interest; Also, contributions from the pens of many of the most accomplished writers of the day.

The price of subscription is $1 00; and the influence identified with the enterprise, earnestly and hopefully solicit subscribers. sep25-d5w

Carriage for Sale.

A SECOND-HAND, Two-seated, Sun-down, Extra Rolling, and second as new. Just the thing for back purposes. Also, good second-hand double harness.

Address P. O. BOX 619, Atlanta, Ga. sep26-d2t

THE STATE FAIR!

$40,000 in Cash Premiums

Will be Distributed among 35,000 Ticket-Holders at

The October State Fair,

IN NASHVILLE.

538 Prizes will be Awarded!

PREMIUMS.

1	First Grand Cash Premium	$15,000
1	Second Grand Cash Premium	10,000
1	Cash Premium	5,000
1	Cash Premium	3,000
1	Cash Premium	1,000
1	Cash Premium	500
1	Cash Premium	300
10	Cash Premiums, $100 each, is	1,000
20	Cash Premiums, 50 each, is	1,000
50	Cash Premiums, 20 each, is	1,000
150	Cash Premiums, 10 each, is	1,500
300	Cash Premiums, 5 each, is	1,500
538	Premiums	$40,000

The above distribution will take place at the Fair Grounds, on FRIDAY, October 11, 1872, in the presence of everybody attending the Fair that day.

Tickets Only Three Dollars.

A Season Ticket for $3 secures admission to the Fair for the whole week, and also to a chance in the Drawing.

It is not necessary for a person to attend the Fair to participate in the Drawing.

The Fair will commence October 7, instead of September 30, as heretofore announced, and the distribution will be on the 11th instead of the 4th. This change is made on account of the meeting of the Blood Horse Association, which commences September 30.

Tickets bearing date September 30 to October 5, will be good during the week commencing Oct. 7.

For Tickets and information apply to

J. C. MCCRORY,
General Agent for the Sale of Tickets,
43 Cedar Street, Nashville, Tenn.
Or to PHILLIPS & CREW,
sep7—d1m Atlanta, Ga.

CALL AT

No. 50 Whitehall Street,

IF YOU WANT TO

Purchase or Inspect

THE BEST STOCK OF

Watches,

WATCH CHAINS,

Jewelry, Clocks,

OR ANY OTHER GOODS USUALLY KEPT IN

First-Class Jewelry Stores,

AND YOU WILL FIND

ER LAWSHE

READY AND WILLING TO SERVE YOU.

sep25-d1w

Medical College

—OF THE—

State of South Carolina,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE FORTY-FOURTH COURSE OF LECTURES in this institution will commence on the 15th October, 1872, and will terminate on the 15th March, 1873, thus lengthening the term of study one month.

MEDICAL FACULTY.

R. GEDDINGS, M. D., Emeritus Professor of the Institute and Practice of Medicine.

R. A. KINLOCH, M. D., Principals and Practice of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.

J. P. CHALAI, M. D., General Pathology, Pathological Anatomy and Hygiene.

MIDDLETON MICHEL, M. D., Physiology.

GEO. R. TRESCOT, M. D., Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

C. U. SHEPARD, M. D., Chemistry.

F. P. M. GEDDINGS, M. D., Theory and Practice of Medicine.

F. L. PARKER, M. D., Anatomy.

J. M. ROBERTSON, M. D., Gynecology and Clinical Obstetrics.

F. PEYRE PORCHER, M. D., Clinical Medicine.

MANNING SIMONS, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

EXPENSES OF THE SCHOOL.

Matriculation Fee	$10 00
Demonstrator's Fee	10 00
Graduation Fee	30 00

Two additions have been made to the Faculty, and it will be seen that a new feature of the present session is that the Lectures will be free of charge.

Board can be obtained in the city at reasonable rates.

Superior CLINICAL advantages offered without extra charge.

For further information apply to

GEO. R. TRESCOT, M. D.,
july28—d1mths Dean of the Faculty.

FRESH NORFOLK OYSTERS

R. E. SIBLEY, Oyster Packer,

NORFOLK, VA.

OYSTERS put up in any way or quantity ordered, and at the lowest prices. Orders solicited and faithfully attended to. sep15—d1m

NOTICE,

Those Indebted to Talley & Sisson.

AT W. W. CHAPMAN'S.

WILL TAKE NOTICE—That accounts and notes due Talley & Sisson will be turned over to an Attorney for collection by the first of October next, and no mistake.

sep26—d1tlstoct W. W. CHAPMAN.

Wesleyan Female College,

MACON, GEORGIA.

THE THIRTY-FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL begin October 7th, 1872.

For Catalogues containing full information, address REV. S. H. MYERS, D. D.,
or G. W. SMITH,
aug8-3tsu1f Secretary Faculty.

Tommy, Stewart & Beck,

HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

Atlanta, Ga.,

Are now opening a large and well selected stock of Hardware in their New Store, Corner Pryor and Decatur Streets, opposite Kimball House.

Manufacturer's Agents and Dealers in all kinds of

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, CUTLERY, Tools of all kinds, Builders' and Carriage Material; Agents for

BURT'S SHINGLE MACHINES,
Sycamore Power Company's Ribs and Blasting Powder,
Mill Stones and Bolting Cloths, Proprietors of the
Brooks' Cotton and Hay Screw Press.

☞ We are doing a Wholesale Business, and always keep on hand an ample Stock to supply Retail Merchants and Contractors. sep25—d3m

EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.

HENRY R. HYDE, JAMES W. ALEXANDER, Vice Presidents.

Purely Mutual—Dividends Annual

NO RESTRICTION ON TRAVEL.

Cash Assets, $18,000,000. Annual Income, $8,000,000.

NEW BUSINESS IN 1870 AND 1871,

Larger than that of any other Company in the World!

NEW BUSINESS IN 1872:

One Million Dollars Each Month.

More than for same period last year.

Its assets are invested in the most solid securities—

Real Estate in New York	$ 2,250,000	Cash in Bank	$2,000,000
Mortgages on Real Estate	10,000,000	United States Bonds	$3,000,000

On all which your Policy is a Mortgage!!

The

The Daily Constitution.

CHARGE OF THE DRESS BRIGADE.

Half a league, half a league, half a league rearward,
Right through the mire and dirt,
Much to its beauty's hurt,
Dragged the rich silken skirt,
Half a league rearward.

Half a peck, half a peck, half a peck fully,
Hirsute and woolly,
Right in the liquid slr
Rose up the pile of hair,
From other heads snatched,
Nobly astraddle on it,
Rode the brave bonnet.

Rode, though it wondered—
Curls to the right of it,
Curls to the left of it,
Curls to the rear of it,
Curls that were plundered.

What though men shout, "Oh, fie!
Fortunes you have squandered!"
Theirs not to make reply,
Theirs not to reason why,
Theirs but to dress or die—
"Charge!" so the clerks they cry—
"Charge by the hundred!"

A WONDERFUL SAWMILL.

The Story of a Wicked Gothamite Who Left a Letter in His Pocket.

St. Louis Republican New York Letter]

It's wonderful how these men manage matters, but sometimes they meet their match, as a very notable gentleman here did lately. He has a mother living in a town up the Hudson, and like an excellent son he has made frequent trips to her residence during the summer. His wife some time ago had a little with her mother-in-law, and has held no intercourse with her for some time. But never interfering with her husband's filial feelings, she has always listened interested to the details of certain business transactions in which the mother has required the aid and counsel of her son so often lately. It was all about a sawmill and the selling thereof. Mr. W. flew up repeatedly at sudden calls, always faithfully reporting the tedious proceedings between the man who wanted to buy the saw mill and his mother when he came back. The wife very lately was going through the cost pockets of her husband, as every loyal wife should, when she found a scrap of scented paper, the fragment of a note, on which was written in feminine chirography these strange words: "——not go until the ninth, when of course you'll have to see about the saw-mill, and then we need not ——." The handwriting on the wall had appeared. Mrs. W. needed no help to unriddle that harrowing tale. Most wives would have exploded on the arrival of the perfidious man. But no, she took counsel of herself, and patiently waited for the sawmill to turn up. In the meantime she got further in a letter she found from the mother up the Hudson, who mildly reproved her son for his neglect, and hoped Alice (his wife) didn't prevent his coming to see his old mother.

The ninth eventuated of a Monday. Sunday the husband carelessly said: "Butler was down to see me Saturday. The transfer of mother's sawmill is to be made to-morrow; more than likely I shall have to go up there. If I do I'll get seats and send Allan up to take you to Roi Carrotte." Is there any imagination able to conjure up the tumultuous condition of Mrs. W.'s mind as the terrible words "mother's saw mill" were uttered? Wonderful woman! she contained herself in calmness. Monday, after an elaborate shaving and shirting, paterfamilias affectionately kissed the baby and his wife, and with another allusion to the "cursed saw mill" went down town. Mrs. W. went out, and interviewed an Irish coupe driver who holds out on Twenty-second street, a stone's throw from Mr. W.'s residence. Wrapped in a water-proof, the wife spent hour after hour in front of her husband's business place, the curtains close drawn. At noon a red-capped messenger entered the place, came forth and waited on the steps till Mr. W. came out and handed him a note. Then, equipped in his new fall coat, the worthy W. went forth, followed close by the coupe. Down to Peck slip he went, on board of the Hartford steamboat he stepped. Jehu got off the box and went in, returning with word that "Mr. W. was getting a stateroom key given him."

This was about 2 o'clock, and the boat left at 4. Mrs. W. went home, made some domestic arrangements for her intended absence over night; found a note from her husband—"just as he thought; the saw mill was at it again; shouldn't be back till Tuesday night; perhaps Wednesday forenoon. Mrs. W. drove back to Peck slip, got on board the Hartford boat and waited further developments. As the last bell was ringing, up drove the carriage, out jumped Mr. W., "Oh, shame! oh, sorrow! oh, bad mankind!" out jumped a pretty girl of eighteen or twenty. Both speedily went on the boat, and in a minute more the wife, husband and the party of the third part were gliding by Black well's island. If a realizing knowledge of his coming fate could have burst on Mr. W., how gladly would he have exchanged his fall overcoat for one of the striped jackets wheeling stone along the island wall, and put in a thirty days' sentence to escape what this month of September brought him. Mrs. W.'s stateroom door commanded the head of the stairs. From its partly opened portal she watched. The gong sounded. Promptly to the call of hash sallied out the recreant W. and the guileless maiden. To the supper table they repaired and thither also went Mrs. W., bidding the waiter at the door seat her opposite that lady and gentleman, she sailed up in front of the loving couple. The gentleman was at the moment assiduously attending to the wants of his companion, and Mrs. W. had fairly brought herself to an anchor opposite, when he raised his eyes. There have been moments in which men's hairs have suddenly lifted, when the horror of some awful situation has struck 'em dumb This was the kind of moment that overtook Mr. W. His hair is red; it flared up like the burning of Moscow. Not a word he uttered, but he rose as one with a sudden pain. The lady opposite did the same, and amid the wondering glances and grins of the boat hands, the husband followed the wife to the saloon above. There was a scene, several passengers being interested listeners. The husband suffered no defense here was none to offer; but oh, Lord! what a repentant rooster he was! Not an inch of back talk in him; he made no sort of a fight; he went down on the marrow bones of his soul. He retired to his wife's stateroom, while his wife had a colloque with the party of the third part; and very lively the female passengers of that boat made it for her, gathering around and expressing their opinions in a way more free than pleasant. The first landing made by the boat was at one of the hundred and one Haddams that thickly stud the banks of the Connecticut. It was all hours in the morning, but the husband, perfectly satisfied that some one Haddam, got off with the wife who had him, and from Haddam, the truly repentant came back to New York the next day.

How a United States Senator Refused a Set of Diamonds for His Wife.

On Saturday, in a broker's office on California street, a magnificent set of diamonds, consisting of a brooch and ear-rings, were valued by experts and sold to a prominent importing merchant, who designed them as a present for his wife. The history of these jewels is an interesting one.

Last winter a large manufacturing company in the northwestern part of the city, desiring to perfect the title to the lands occupied by them, sent an agent to Washington to secure the passage of the bill relinquishing the claim of the United States to the site of their works—the city having previously relquished its claim. During his stay in Washington this gentleman was treated very kindly by Carl Schurz, who introduced him to members, and aided him to lay his case before them. Upon the return of this agent the members of the company, feeling very grateful to Mr. Schurz, and being desirous of expressing it in some delicate manner, made up a subscription, purchased a beautiful set of diamonds for $3,000, gold, and sent them by express to Mr. Schurz. In a little while the diamonds were returned, accompanied by a letter from Senator Schurz, in which he thanked them for the compliment intended, but informed them that both he and Mrs. Schurz felt that as the wife of a Senator of the United States she could not afford to wear diamonds until her husband could afford to purchase them for her, and was constrained to refuse their beautiful gift. The would-be donors then upon decided to sell the diamonds and take back the money. And this is the way these glittering gems happened to be in the California street broker's office on Saturday afternoon.

INDIANA AND OHIO.—Prominent Republicans give up Indiana and Ohio. Henry Wilson admits that they will lose Indiana, and another Radical, an ex-Senator, says that the German vote in Ohio is gone, and wonders why the Grant men did not buy up Hassaurek and stop it. The depression of the Grant men here has been very marked for days past, and is only equaled by the exultant confidence of the Liberals.

Leading Notices.

HALF ALIVE.—It is a sad thing to pass through life only half alive. Yet there are thousands whose habitual condition is one of languor and debility. They complain of no specific disease; they suffer no positive pain, but they have no relish for anything which affords mental or sensuous pleasure to their more robust and energetic fellow beings.

In nine cases out of ten this state of lassitude and torpor arises from a morbid stomach. Indigestion destroys the energy of both mind and body. When the waste of nature is not supplied by a due and regular assimilation of the food, every organ is starved, every function interrupted.

Now, what does common sense suggest under these circumstances of depression? The system needs rousing and strengthening; not merely for an hour or two, to sink afterwards into a more pitiable condition than ever (as it assuredly would do if an ordinary alcoholic stimulant were resorted to), but radically and permanently.

How is this desirable object to be accomplished? The answer to this question, founded on the unvarying experience of a quarter of a century, is easily given. Infuse new vigor into the digestive organs by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Do not waste time in administering temporary remedies, but wake the system up by recuperating the fountain-head of physical strength and energy, the great organ upon which all the other organs depend for their nurture and support.

By the time that a dozen doses of the great vegetable tonic and invigorant have been taken, the feeble frame of the dyspeptic will begin to feel its benign influence. Appetite will be created, and with appetite the capacity to digest what it craves. Persevere until the cure is complete—until healthful blood, fit to be the material of flesh and muscle, bone and nerve and brain, flows through the channels of circulation, instead of the watery pabulum with which they have heretofore been imperfectly nourished.

sept24-deod1w&w1t.

A DELIGHTFUL SURPRISE.—Ladies whose faces are clouded by superficial discolorations, and who have resolved to try Hagan's Magnolia Balm as a remedy, have no idea of the welcome surprise they will receive from their mirrors after a few applications of that healthful purifier of the complexion. If at all excitable, they will scream with rapture on beholding the change. Whether the blemish it is desired to remove the sallowness, blotches, pimples, freckles, roughness, or an unnatural pallor, it is bound to disappear under the tonic operation of this wonderful agent. To say that the blemish disappears, does not, however, convey any idea of the effect produced by this celebrated beautifier. The unsightly tinge, whether diffused over the whole countenance or in spots, or patches, is replaced by a uniform, pearly bloom, to which no description can do justice.

sept24-deod1w&w1t.

A WORLD OF THANKS IS DUE to the botanist who first discovered the virtues of the *Quillaya Saponaria*, or Soap Tree of Chili. The wonderful cleansing and purifying property of its Bark gives to the fragrant Sozodont much of its unrivalled efficacy as a preservative of the teeth.

sept24-deod1w&w1t.

DR. TUTT'S Hair Dye has been analyzed by the best chemists in Europe and America, and its harmlessness certified to.

sept24-d1w&w1t.

$1,000 REWARD is offered by the proprietor of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, for a medicine that will equal it in the cure of all severe cases of "Liver Complaint" and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, as Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, etc.

BLESSINGS brighten as they take their flight. The chief of blessings is good health, without which nothing is worth the having; it is always appreciated at its true value after it is lost, but too often not before. Live properly, and correct ailments before they become seated. For diseases of the liver, kidneys, skin, stomach, and all arising from impure or feeble blood, DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are a sure and speedy remedy. It has never yet failed in a single instance. sep13—d&w4w

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfect! harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, oct2—d1y New York.

S. M. Agents! It don't pay you to fight the best machine; prove our claims; get the agency and sell it. Address "DOMESTIC" S. M. Co, 96 Chambers St., N. Y.

No. 4 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia.

We have several of the late Improved Wheeler & Wilson, Singer, Howe, Weed and Florence Machines that we have taken in exchange at a low price, for sale very cheap. aug22-d&w3m

Also, for Campaign Goods, address GOODSPEED'S EMPIRE PUBLISHING HOUSE, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, or New York.

Take Notice!

REMOVAL.

AFTER October 1st, I will remove to No. 3 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, where I trust to see all my old customers and many new ones.

Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guano.

Send 75 cents for the handsomest and most extensive illustrated Catalogue ever published in the South. Money will be refunded to all who purchase goods amounting to Ten Dollars.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
DeGive's Opera House Block,
Marietta Street,
After October 1st, 1872.
sep19— july3 - dtf

THE MOST PERFECT

ALARM CASH DRAWER,

MILES ALARM TILL CO'S.

EVERY Merchant SHOULD Use Them. EVERY DRAWER Warranted

Sold at FAIRBANKS' SCALE WAREHOUSES.

FAIRBANKS & CO., 311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, 166 Baltimore Street, Baltimore. 55 Camp Street, New Orleans.

FAIRBANKS & EWING. 715 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO., 118 Milk Street, Boston.

For sale by leading Hardware Dealers.

sept1—d&w1y

Agency Domestic and Indian Mission Board S. B. C.,

JONESBORO, GA., July 11, 1872.

Dr. H. Neson, Atlanta, Ga.:

DEAR SIR: I followed up your treatment as directed for nearly a month, when I desisted. In about ten days or two weeks afterward my hearing returned, and now I hear about as well, quite as well, so far as I can tell, as I did before I lost the use of my left ear, in June, 1871. I feel that I am under obligations to you for your treatment, for I am relieved of a great deal of unpleasantness and inconvenience.

Fraternally yours,
W. N. CHAUDOIN, Dis. Sec. and C.,
Office on Marietta street, corner of Peachtree.
sept21—dtuw&thur-tf

Railroads.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.00 o'Clock, A. M
Leaves Atlanta	8 15 " A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	3.40 " P. M
Arrives at Augusta	3.30 " P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6.00 " P. M
Leaves Atlanta	6.00 " P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.45 " A. M
Arrives at Augusta	6.30 " A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 45 A. M
Arrive Atlanta	8 00 A. M
Arrive Stone Mountain	7 P. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Leaves Atlanta	8.00 A M
Leave Macon	3.30 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	3.15 P M
Arrives at Macon	7.30 A M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	4.00 P M
Leaves Macon	10.00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.05 P M
Arrives at Macon	2.35 P M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	10.00 P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	6.50 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8.30 A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	3.50 P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	4.05 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	12.10 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	4.15 A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1.10 P. M

FAST LINE TO NEW YORK.

Leaves Atlanta	5.00 P. M
Arrives at Dalton	10.50 P. M

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Leave Atlanta at	2.45 P. M.
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at	8.30 P. M
Arrive at Savannah	8.35 A. M.

Schedule of Rome Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome	7.15 A. M.
Arrive at Kingston	9.30 A. M.
Leave Kingston	9.40 A. M
Arrive at Rome	10.30 A. M.

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome	2.30 P. M.
Arrive at Kingston	10.00 P. M.
Leave Kingston	10.10 P. M.
Arrive at Rome	3.05 P. M.

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

TIME CARD, SEPTEMBER 1, 1872.

Leave Atlanta	8.30 A M.	9.30 P M
Arrive Chattanooga	4.27 P M.	5.23 A M
Arrive Nashville	12.50 A M.	1.50 P M
Arrive McKenzie	8.30 A M.	8.30 P M
Arrive Memphis	2.10 P M.	2.25 A M
Arrive Little Rock		6.30 P M
Arrive Hickman	12.30 P M.	12.01 A M
Arrive Union City	10.30 A M.	10.30 P M
Arrive Columbus	12.00 noon.	12.00 m d t
Arrive St. Louis	10.15 P M.	9.50 A M
Arrive Louisville	8.40 A M.	9.35 P M

ALBERT B. WRENN,
Southeast Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leaves Griffin	1 00 P M
Arrives at Newnan	3 45 P M
Leaves Newnan	7 00 A M
Arrives at Griffin	9 47 A M

Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 18 A M
Arrive at West-Point	11 43 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leave West-Point	2 25 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7 50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 05 P M
Arrive at West-Point	11 50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leave West Point	1 10 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	5 50 A M

Air-Line Railroad.

Leave Atlanta	6 00 A M
Arrive at End of Track	11 32 A M
Leave End of Track	1 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7 27 P M

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE

Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and court ous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta TO Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York BY Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS, LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships,

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA TO NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent,
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24—dtf

P. LEE. J. W. HIGHTOWER.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Griffin, Georgia,

LEE & HIGHTOWER, Prop'tors

PERSONS visiting the Indian Springs, during the summer, will find it to their interest to call on us, in the way of the most pleasant route.

BETTER TURNOUTS.

Careful Drivers and Quicker Time. We are prepared to furnish anything in the Livery line, at the shortest notice and reasonable terms.

aprl13—dtf

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA,

HAS still Forty Rooms left, (neatly furnished) for Summer visitors, for whom every accommodation will be provided, as also Hops and amusements.

FLETCHER & FREYER, Proprietors.
W. E. OLDS, Assistant.
June12—dtf

Divorced.

MY FRIENDS and former patrons will please to recollect that I am not now in any way connected with the Plantation Publishing Company, but am employed by W. A. Hemphill & Co., to run their BINDERY. THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE is well adapted to do all kinds of work in the Binding or Printing line, and I shall be glad to have the favors of my friends to follow me.

aug17—dtf WM. R. HANLEITER.

M. N. ROGERS. W. B. GRUBBS

M. N. ROGERS & CO.,

(Successors to Rogers, Morgan & Grubbs.)

Manufacturers and Jobbers,

—OF—

Men's, Boy's and Youths' CLOTHING,

444 and 446 Broadway,

NEW YORK.

DEALERS are invited to inspect our stock. Our TRADE is confined to the COTTON STATES, our Goods are especially adapted to the wants of the Southern people.

MR. W. T. BURGE, late Marshall & Burge, Charleston, S. C., is connected with us, will be glad to see his former patrons and friends.

Orders solicited. We give them who favor us with their orders the right to return goods not satisfactory at our expense. july21—d3m

Hotels.

THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia,

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. The outward trains from Macon dine at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call. june6—dtf

FAIRBURN HOTEL,

Dr MRS. E. McLARIN,

Fairburn.....Georgia.

THE Morning Trains from Atlanta to West Point, Georgia, breakfast at this House. Three trains breakfast daily. may18—dtf

HEARD HOUSE,

LaGrange.....Georgia,

BY GEORGE C. HEARD.

THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb16-dtf

CHOICE HOTEL.

Corner Broad and Bridge Streets.

ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

Situated in the business part of the city.

Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.

dec1-tf LEON A. CADY, Clerk.

NEW HOTEL,

PALMETTO, - - GEORGIA.

W. Jackson House

Is now open to the Traveling Public.

jan18-dtf W. JACKSON, Proprietor.

THE MAJORS HOUSE,

BY E. MAJORS,

TRENTON.....GEORGIA.

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms. nov21-dtf

ECKLES HOUSE AND LIVERY STABLE,

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

Rates of Board:

Single Meal.....50 cents | Per Day.....$ 2 00
Per Week.....$3 00 | Per Month.....10 00

Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.
STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.
june9-dtf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT,

(Near the Court House and Depot)

GADSDEN.....ALABAMA.

Guests will find everything new and neat, Servants attentive. Terms—$2 50 per day single meals fifty cents. nov15-dtf

TIBBS HOUSE,

Dalton, Ga.

L. B. STONE. J. B. WIMBERLY.
dec8-dtf

SENOIA HOTEL,

SENOIA, GEORGIA,

W. R. STILLWELL, Proprietor
may18—dtf

JOHNSON HOUSE,

BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,

INGSTON.....GEORGIA.
june12-dtf

BACON HOUSE,

LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA

JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.

A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep11-dtf

GLOBE HOTEL,

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,

HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.

Travelers will find at this House a regular

OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,

And board as cheap as could be asked for.

The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.

Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.

I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.

June9-dtf W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

Pratt House,

(Formerly Brown House.)

Cuthbert.....Georgia,

T. J. PRATT, Proprietor.

Hacks in attendance upon all trains, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable.

march5—dtf

Wayside House,

RINGGOLD, GEORGIA,

IS now open for the reception of guests together with attention to Catoosa Springs and all other accessible places of note, at reasonable prices. All pains will be taken to render guests comfortable by A. J. HEALAN & LADY.

feb28—dtf

SASSEEN HOUSE,

(Formerly United States Hotel.)

CORNER ALABAMA AND PRYOR STREETS

Atlanta, Georgia.

E. R. SASSEEN, Agent.....Proprietor

☞ Terms—Transient Boarders, per day, $2. Single meal and lodging, 50 cents. sep26-dtf

Thomaston Hotel,

Thomaston,.....Georgia.

THE undersigned having taken charge of the above House, takes pleasure in announcing to the public generally that no effort will be spared to make it a first-class Hotel, and every effort will be made to give satisfaction to all who will favor him their patronage. Rates reasonable.

sep10-dtf H. T. JENNINGS, Proprietor.

BARLOW HOUSE,

AMERICUS, GEORGIA,

WILEY JONES.....Proprietor.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The proprietor flatters himself, from his long experience in the business, that he can and will give general satisfaction. The house is kept open from 6 A. M. to 9 P. M. The Omnibus meets all night trains, and attentive porters are at the depot for the house. apr30—dtf

Madison House,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

TRAVELERS, invalids and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Porters at all the trains who will take care of baggage. Terms reasonable. FISH & MORGAN, Proprietors.

apr13—dtf

CONYERS HOTEL,

By D. P. SMITH,

(Successor to R. Thorn.)

THIS HOUSE is within one hundred yards of the Railroad, has been thoroughly renovated and supplied with new furniture. Give him a call and for guarantees to give entire satisfaction.

THE PYE HOUSE,

(NEW HOTEL,)

Forsyth, Georgia,

WILLIAM SCARBOROUGH, Proprietor

Board per Day, $2 50; Day Board, $15 00; Board and Lodging $20 00. may14-dtf

McDowell House,

NEWNAN, GA.,

L. P. Thomas, Proprietor.

sept1—dtf

THE TRAMMELL HOUSE,

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